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# Christian Ballads,

AND

# POEMS.

BY

ARTHUR CLEVELAND COXE, M.A.,

RECTOR OF GRACE CHURCH, BALTIMORE.

WITH CORRECTIONS, AND A PREFACE TO THE ENGLISH EDITION BY THE AUTHOR.

And he appointed singers before the LORD, that should praise the BEAUTY OF HOLINESS.—CHRONICLES.

*A NEW EDITION.*

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JOHN HENRY AND JAMES PARKER.

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TO

JOHN HENRY HOBART.

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My Dear Hobart,

I dedicate these Ballads to you, as a duty and as a pleasure: as a duty, because but for you they would never have been written; and as a pleasure, because I rejoice to associate my name with yours in anything, however humble, which I am permitted to do for the Church of God. I need not add, that I consider it in happy harmony with their design, that I am privileged to inscribe them to the inheritor of a name whose praise is in all the Churches.

I know that to you at least they will not be unacceptable. The glistening dews of a Christian boyhood are fast drying up from

both of us; but here are some results of rambling talks, and rural walks, and holiday diversions, which for years we have enjoyed together, and which through life will be dear to memory, as having gradually led us to find our best delight, and to choose our portion, in the amiable dwellings of the LORD OF HOSTS.

Yours, my dear Hobart,

A. C. C.

CHELSEA, NEW YORK,
June 28th, 1840.

# PREFACE

## TO THE ENGLISH EDITION.

THE people of America are becoming in many respects more intimately allied with the mother-country, than they were before their independence. Whatever goes to develope such an alliance contributes to the prosperity of both countries, and does something for the good of the human race, not to say for the glory of Him whose advent was peace and good-will.

I have thought it not impossible that the little book now presented in an English dress, may prove interesting to many in Great Britain, as a proof of the unity of the Anglican and Anglo-American Churches, and of the harmonizing influences which those Churches may exert upon national relations. To some it may prove an accept-

able expression of the gratitude and love with which the Churchmen of America delight to honour their nursing mother; and others may read it with new views of the Church of England, which is so often reproached as provincial and insular, though modern times have no parallel to the reproductive energy with which she has given being to the Church in America. It may also convey to many a new and not unpleasing impression of the ritual which they have heretofore associated only with what is English, but which is exhibited in these pages as it exists in another hemisphere, in all the vigour of youth, adapting itself to a fresh state of society, and gaining upon the admiration and convictions of hereditary foes.

In these several ways it may in some humble degree subserve the noblest and most sacred interests of the old world and the new, awakening sympathies and strengthening instincts which, far more than

skilful diplomacy, will ensure a perpetual unity. But perhaps even these considerations would not have emboldened me to submit these very imperfect productions to a foreign public, had not some of them been already naturalized among my British brethren, by unsolicited republication, and favourable reviews. While I gratefully acknowledge the courtesy which has generously preferred to discover their merits, rather than expose their defects, I find in such generosity my chief encouragement to venture something for which I am personally responsible. I therefore confidingly commit the book to the press in a land which I have never seen, but which from my earliest childhood has been a home to my heart, not only as the source of my own and my country's existence, but as the scene of many glorious conflicts and sufferings which ennoble the history of our religion.

St. John's Parish, Hartford,
April, 1848.

# PREFACE.

THE Catholic Religion, having the same original with nature, is in perfect harmony with it, and shares its poetical element. A truly Catholic Church will therefore exhibit more or less of that element in its services and rites. History shews, indeed, that it may be diminished by unfavourable circumstances, without impairing essential Catholicity; and on the other hand, that it may be developed beyond proportion, to morbid excess, and the injury of parts more vital. But it is the glory of the Anglican ritual to retain in happy combination, as did the whole Church in its primitive age, the characteristics of reverend dignity and meek simplicity. In the language of one whose sense of the Sublime and Beautiful will hardly be questioned, it displays the elemen-

tal poetry of true religion—"in buildings, in music, in decoration, in speech, and in the dignity of persons, with modest splendour, with unassuming state, with mild majesty and sober pomp."

In this eulogy of the thoughtful Burke, a healthful taste will value the adjectives as well as the nouns. In the Latin Churches, it is to be deplored that the beauties of worship have risen to a pomp, majesty, state, and splendour which can hardly be qualified; and precious is the Anglican contrast, which, without sacrificing these attributes, exhibits in harmony with them the primitive qualities of modesty, simplicity, mildness, and sobriety, originally impressed upon His Mystical Body by the Incarnate God, that it might be in all things the brightness of His glory, and the express image of His Person.

This happy combination, if on the one hand it allows of less pageantry in the Cathedral, prevents on the other a tawdry

pretension in the rustic church; and produces everywhere a uniform propriety of beauty which captivates the imagination without repelling the reason.

Such is the essential poetry of that religion which the CHRISTIAN BALLADS aspire to illustrate, and humbly to subserve. To those who love not the Church, they will seem as idle words, but they tell of things which in the heart and life of the Catholic are dear realities; realities which are felt though they cannot be understood by the world: for there is a charm in the religious character which they help to form, which delights very many who are incapable of discovering the secret of what affects them. Thus when we name, in a breath, the rural Walton, the scholastic Hooker, the saintly Herbert, the courtly Evelyn, the classic Wotton, the zealous Laud, the gorgeous Taylor the magnificent Strafford, and the royal Charles—men of the same times, but of widely differing circumstances, the dullest

perception feels that there is something belonging to them in common, which invests them with no ordinary glory. It is that beauty of holiness which they drew from the breasts of the Church in which they lived and died, and which, through many sorrows, satisfied every spiritual want, and retained the unroving loyalty of their pure affections. They were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in death they were not divided; exhibiting in both the power of their religion to adorn everything they enjoyed and suffered, from the May-day ramble of the fisherman, to the fiery trial of the Martyr.

Besides revising, with some toil, a book of careless ballads, to which unexpected favour has been shewn; the author has completed the collection by the addition of such other poems of the same sort as he has from time to time produced, since the CHRISTIAN BALLADS first appeared. They lack the boyish exhilaration of his early verses; but on that very account may better

suit the taste of many. The critic indeed will be pleased with little that the book contains. But if, like a pointed arch that delights in the moss and ivy which would spoil a Grecian column, it exhibits more of Gothic rudeness than of *Doric delicacy*, it may perhaps be allowed the merit of being in keeping with the architectural symbolism of the holy Faith. May it be approved by Christians, as it will doubtless be despised by the World.

St. John's Parish, Hartford,
July, 1847.

# CHRISTIAN BALLADS.

## Hymn of Boyhood.

One thing have I desired of the LORD, which I will require, even that I may dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of my life, to behold the fair beauty of the LORD, and to visit His temple.—*Psalter.*

1.

THE first dear thing that ever I loved
Was a mother's gentle eye,
That smiled, as I woke on the dreamy couch
That cradled my infancy.
I never forget the joyous thrill
That smile in my spirit stirred,
Nor how it could charm me against my will,
Till I laughed like a joyous bird.

2.

And the next fair thing that ever I loved
Was a bunch of summer flowers,
With odours, and hues, and loveliness,
Fresh as from Eden's bowers.
I never can find such hues agen,
Nor smell such a sweet perfume ;
And if there be odours as sweet as then,
'Tis I that have lost the bloom.

3.

And the next dear thing that ever I loved
Was a fawn-like little maid,
Half-pleased, half-awed by the frolic boy
That tortured her doll, and played :
I never can see the gossamere
Which rude rough zephyrs tease,
But I think how I tossed her flossy locks
With my whirling bonnet's breeze.

4.

And the next good thing that ever I loved
Was a bow-kite in the sky ;
And a little boat on the brooklet's surf,
And a dog for my company :

And a jingling hoop, with many a bound
To my measured strike and true;
And a rocket sent up to the firmament,
When Even was out so blue.

5.

And the next fair thing I was fond to love
Was a field of wavy grain,
Where the reapers mowed; or a ship in sail
On the billowy, billowy main:
And the next was a fiery prancing horse
That I felt like a man to stride;
And the next was a beautiful sailing-boat
With a helm it was hard to guide.

6.

And the next dear thing I was fond to love
Is tenderer far to tell;
'Twas a voice, and a hand, and a gentle eye
That dazzled me with its spell:
And the loveliest things I had loved before
Were only the landscape now,
On the canvas bright where I pictured her,
In the glow of my early vow.

7.

And the next good thing I was fain to love
Was to sit in my cell alone,
Musing o'er all these lovely things,
Forever, forever flown.
Then out I walked in the forest free,
Where wantoned the autumn wind,
And the coloured boughs swung shiveringly,
In harmony with my mind.

8.

And a spirit was on me that next I loved,
That ruleth my spirit still,
And maketh me murmur these sing-song words,
Albeit against my will.
And I walked the woods till the winter came,
And then did I love the snow;
And I heard the gales, through the wildwood aisles
Like the LORD's own organ blow.

9.

And the bush I had loved in my greenwood walk,
I saw it afar away,
Surpliced with snows, like the bending priest
That kneels in the church to pray:

And I thought of the vaulted fane, and high,
Where I stood when a little child,
Awed by the lauds sung thrillingly,
And the anthems undefiled.

10.

And again to the vaulted church I went,
And I heard the same sweet prayers,
And the same full organ-peals upsent,
And the same soft soothing airs;
And I felt in my spirit so drear and strange,
To think of the race I ran,
That I loved the lone thing that knew no change
In the soul of the boy and man.

11.

And the tears I wept in the wilderness,
And that froze on my lids, did fall,
And melted to pearls for my sinfulness,
Like scales from the eyes of Paul:
And the last dear thing I was fond to love,
Was that holy service high,
That lifted my soul to joys above,
And pleasures that do not die.

12.

And then, said I, one thing there is
That I of the LORD desire,
That ever, while I on earth shall live,
I will of the LORD require,—
That I may dwell in His temple blest
As long as my life shall be,
And the beauty fair of the LORD of Hosts
In the home of His glory see.

# St. Sacrament.

A LEGEND OF LAKE GEORGE.

---

1.

A SUMMER shower had swept the woods;
But when, from all the scene,
Rolled off at length the thunder-clouds,
And streamed the sunset sheen;
I came where my postilion raised
His horsewhip for a wand,
And said, There's Horicon, good sir,
And here's the Bloody Pond!

2.

And don't you see yon low gray wall,
With grass and bushes grown?
Well, that's Fort George's palisade,
That many a storm has known:

But here's the Bloody Pond, where sleeps
Full many a soldier tall:
The spring, they say, was never pure
Since that red burial.

3.

'Twas rare to see! That vale beneath;
That lake so calm and cool!
But mournful was each lily-wreath
Upon the turbid pool:
And—on, postilion, let us haste
To greener banks, I cried,
Oh, stay me not where man has stained
With brother's blood the tide!

4.

An hour—and though the Even-star
Was chasing down the sun,
My boat was on thine azure wave,
Sweet, holy Horicon!
And woman's voice cheered on our bark,
With soft bewildering song,
While fire-flies darting through the dark
Went lighting us along.

5.

Anon, that bark was on the beach,
And soon, I stood alone
Upon thy mouldering walls, Fort George,
So old, and ivy-grown.
At once, old tales of massacre
Were crowding on my soul,
And ghosts of ancient sentinels
Paced up the rocky knoll.

6.

The shadowy hour was dark enow
For fancy's wild campaign,
And moments were impassioned hours
Of battle and of pain:
Each brake and thistle seemed alive
With fearful shapes of fight,
And up the feathered scalp-locks rose
Of many a tawny sprite.

7.

The Mohawk war-hoop howled agen;
I heard St. Denys' charge,
And then the volleyed musketry
Of England and St. George.

The vale, the rocks, the cradling hills,
From echoing rank to rank,
Rung back the warlike rhetoric
Of Huron and of Frank.

8.

So, keep thy name, Lake George, said I,
And bear to latest day,
The memory of our primal age,
And England's early sway;
And when Columbia's flag shall here
Her starry glories toss,
Be witness how our fathers fought
Beneath St. George's cross.

9.

An hour again—and shone the moon
Above the mountain gray,
And there the pearly Horicon
Leap'd up like fountain spray;
The rippled wavelets seemed to dance,
And starlight seemed to sing;
I never saw in all my life
So gay and bright a thing.

10.

And nought, save lulling Katydid,
Presumed the hush to mar;
And then it was, I longed to hear
Some light canoe afar;
I listened for the paddle's dip,
And in the moon-path clear,
I wished some Indian bark might glide,
With all its shapes of fear.

11.

The Indian tales of Horicon
Were in my spirit now,
And Sachems of the olden time,
With more than Roman brow;
And all the forest histories
That make our young romance,
As in a wizard's glass, they moved
O'er that blue lake's expanse.

12.

And keep thy name, clear Horicon,
Thine Indian name, said I;
'Tis meet, if thine old lords are dead,
Their fame should never die:

So keep thy name, sweet Horicon,
And be, to latest days,
Thine old free-dwellers' monument,
Their glory and their praise.

13.

But morn was up, the beamy morn,
That sapphire lake above,
O'er waters blue as amethyst,
And innocent as love;
And there 'twas glorious to cool
The glowing breast and limb,
For never did a river-nymph
In sweeter ripples swim.

14.

All day my boat was on the lake,
My thoughts upon its shore;
And emerald islets, one by one,
My joyous footsteps bore:
And where, 'mid green and mossy nests,
The sparks of quartz outshine,
I pulled young flowerets from the rocks,
And oped the crystal mine.

15.

But when the breezy even came,
Again, outstretched I lay,
Upon the weedy battlements
Of that old ruin gray.
And all alone, 'twas beautiful
To muse, reclining there,
And feel the chill, so desolate,
Of half autumnal air.

16.

Afar, afar, I cast mine eye
Adown the winding view:
The lake, the distance, and the sky
Were all a heavenly blue:
And distant THUNG rose glorious
With colours for his crown,
And girt with clouds all rainbow-like,
And robes of green and brown.

17.

A holy stillness, and a calm,
O'er me and nature stole,
And like a babe the waters slept
Within their pebbled bowl:

The gales that tossed my tangled hair,
And stirred the fragrant fern,
They only kissed the water's breast,
And smoothed its brimming urn.

18.

And I was dreaming, though awake,
Such thoughts as made me sigh,
When, hark! the alder-bushes break,
And falls a footstep nigh!
A man of olden years came up;
A brown old yeoman he,
And on, through thorn and reedy bank,
He pushed his way to me.

19.

He climbed the rough old demilune,
With iron-studded shoe,
Upturning, at his every stride,
Old flints and bullets too.
And arrow-heads that told a tale
Were in each earthy clod,
That rumbled down the ravelin,
And crumbled as he trod.

20.

Now tell me, tell me, yeoman good,
One tale to bear away,
With relics for the well-beloved,
Of this old ruin gray;
With flowers I've gather'd round the mole,
One legend would I twine;
And you may chance remember one
That was some kin of mine!

21.

Canst tell of Cleveland, or Monroe,
That fought for George's sake;
Or know you of the young Montcalm,
Or Uncas—on the lake?
He called it Lake St. Sacrament,
That yeoman brown and brave,
And thus, half soldier and half hind,
His simple story gave.

22.

My father was a Frenchman bold,
Came o'er the bitter sea,
And here he poured his red heart's blood
For Louis' fleur-de-lys:

And yonder did he bid me swear
To say, when he was gone,
He drinks the Holy Sacrament
Who drinks of Horicon.

23.

And then a lake-drop on his lip,
A tear-drop in his eye,
He blest his boy, his king, his GOD,
And turned his face to die:
A moment—and St. George's flag,
And England's musket roar,
They rapt me from my soldier-sire,
And I beheld no more.

24.

He drinks the Holy Sacrament
Who drinks this crystal wave,—
That Sacrament baptized his death,
And was, they say, his grave:
Adieu, adieu, thou stranger youth,
But say, when I am gone,
This lake is Lake St. Sacrament,
And not Lake Horicon.

25.

And down the quarry stumbled he,
Ere I could hold him back;
But sounds of crackling alder-bush
Betrayed his sturdy track.
I saw the cottage-smoke upwreathe
Beneath the mountain shade,
And there I knew that old yeoman
His hermitage had made.

26.

And there, when I had followed him,
He told me more and more,
The magic and the witchery
Of that romantic shore.
'Tis many a year, he said, since here
There was no Christian soul;
The Indian only, or the deer,
To taste these waters stole.

27.

The savage, in the heat of noon,
Came panting through the wood
To stain the silver-pebbled beach,
And wash away his blood:

And there, where those tall aspens stand,
They fought a horrid fray;
The very leaves that shaded them
Are trembling to this day.

'28.

But years rolled on—the sun beheld
Those savage chiefs agen,
All gather'd as at council fires,
Or leagued with peaceful men:
They listened, in their multitudes,
To one, that midst them stood,
And reared the Cross—as painters draw
John Baptist in the Wood.

29.

They listened to his wondrous words
Upon the pebbled strand;
And ay—they welcomed in their hearts,
The reign of God at hand.
With laud and anthem rung the grove;
And here, where howled their yell,
I've heard their Christian litanies,
And old Te Deum swell.

30.

And when the golden Easter came
Again they gathered there,
All eager for the Christian name,
And CHRIST'S dear Cross to bear.
Oh! forest-aisles, ye trembled then,
Like fanes where organs roll,
To hear those savage-featured men
Outpour the Christian soul.

31.

And in the wild-wood's walks they knelt
To own their sins and pray;
And in these holy water-floods
They washed their sins away:
By Horicon, the Trinal GOD
Confessed them for His sons,
And there the HOLY SPIRIT sealed
His own begotten ones.

32.

Oh! Abana and Pharpar old
Must yield to Jordan's flow;
But never this clear Horicon;
The Prophet said not so!

For sins more dire than leprosy
These waves have washed away,
And so they named clear Horicon,
St. Sacrament, for aye.

33.

Then onward sped the missionaire
The wilderness to wake:
A voice was on the desert air,
For GOD a highway make!
The lifted Cross, from hill to hill,
Proclaimed the Gospel word,
But sweet St. Sacrament was still
The laver of the LORD.

34.

And years on years went rolling by;
The Indian boy grew old;
But longed once more, ere he should die,
That laver to behold:
And panting from his pilgrimage
He came at heat of day;
The lake was calm as in his youth,
St. Sacrament, for aye.

35.

Then fell the white man's tracks around
Upon this virgin sand:
And bowed thy glories, Horicon,
Before his faithless hand!
He sent these waters o'er the sea
In marble urns to shine,
And christen'd babes of royalty
In streams that christened mine.

36.

Adieu, adieu! my stranger boy;
But say, when I am gone,
This lake is Lake St. Sacrament,
And not Lake Horicon:
And when some lip that charmeth thee
Shall ask of thee a lay,
O bid her call Lake Horicon,
St. Sacrament, for aye.

37.

Then keep thy name, sweet Lake, said I,
Thine holy name alone!
I love St. George's memory,
And Indian honour flown;

But never heard I history
Like thine, old man, this day :
The lake is CHRIST's for evermore,
St. Sacrament, for aye!

## Antioch.

And the disciples were called CHRISTIANS first in Antioch.
*Acts of the Apostles.*

1.

OLD Antioch shall answer ye
What title I would claim !
Old Antioch—whence Christian men
Confess their Christian name.
I wear no other name but CHRIST'S,
And His is name enow,
Writ by our mother's spousal hand
On all her children's brow.

2.

Yet something doth that mother give,
A token to her sons,
And Catholic doth she surname
Her LORD'S begotten ones:

And such, the children of her love
Are children all of Heaven:
Lo I—she answereth to GOD,
And these that Thou hast given.

3.

I know that many martyrs died
At rack and cruel stake,
And Cranmer laid his prelate hand
On fire, for JESUS' sake;
And many a bishop's burning heart,
Like flame was lost in flame:
But CHRIST—none other died for me;
I'll wear no other name.

4.

I wear the name of CHRIST my GOD,
So name me not from man!
And my broad country Catholic,
It hath nor tribe nor clan:
For one and endless is the line
Through all the world that went,
Commissioned from the Holy Hill
Of CHRIST'S sublime ascent.

5.

For there, our great Melchizedek
Ordained of GOD that came,
And not Himself did glorify
To wear His priestly name,
His mantle—as He went on high,
To chosen sons bequeathed,
And bade Apostles feed His lambs,
As o'er them all He breathed.

6.

'Twas there, as GOD had sent the Son,
The Son His own did send,
And with them promised to abide
For ever—to the end:
And faithful to His plighted love,
The LORD is with us yet,
Where our Apostles bear the keys
He left on Olivet.

7.

Then call me not to other folds;
No greener fields I see;
The shepherds of my LORD alone
Can feed a lamb like me:

I cannot wander, if I will,
And whensoever wooed,
Out-flames a burning chronicle
In Peter and in Jude.

8.

I read how Korah boldly swung
The censer GOD abhorr'd,
And spurned old Aaron's litanies,
Commanded of the LORD.
Those bold Apostles echo it,
And while their voice I hear,
If your strange folds seemed Eden's gate,
That waving sword I fear.

9.

I hear my Saviour's earnest prayer,
That one we all may be,
And—oh, how can I go with them
Who tear Him bodily?
I see the heralds of His Cross
Whom JESUS sent of yore;
And can I spurn anointed hands!
I love my Saviour more.

10.

Dear Lamb of GOD ! I know full well
All power to Thee was given,
And oh there is no other Name,
To name us, under heaven !
I know when Thou didst send a line
Through all the world to run,
No arm of flesh, if that hath failed,
Can weave a surer one!

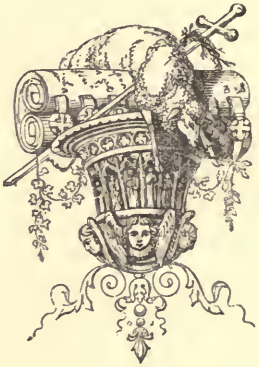
11.

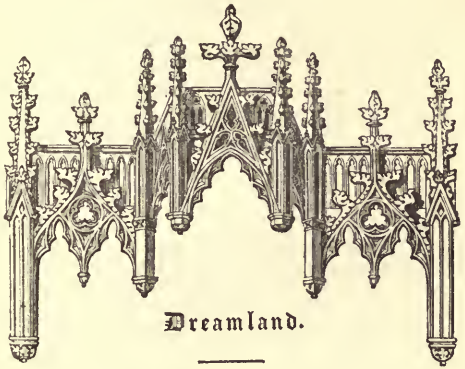
Thou, Priest and Prophet both for us,
Art Priest above in heaven ;
But to Thy chosen, still on earth,
Thy prophet power is given ;
Thank GOD, it never failed, nor shall !
That long unbroken chain
Begun in Thee—in Thee shall end,
When Thou shalt come again.

12.

So CHRIST forbid that I should boast,
Save in His blood-red Cross ;
And let me, for the Crucified,
Count other gain but loss ;

And ye that scorn His follower,
And deem my glory shame,
Forget not, in upbraiding me,
To name me by His name.





# Dreamland.

1.

A LAY, a lay, good Christians!
I have a tale to tell,
Though I have ne'er a palmer's staff,
Nor hat with scallop-shell:
And though I never went astray
From this mine own countree,
I'll tell what never pilgrim told
That ever rode the sea.

2.

A lay, a lay, good Christians!
My boyish harp is fain
To chaunt our mother's loveliness,
In an eternal strain;

And true it is I never strayed
Beyond her careful hand,
And yet my lay, good Christians,
Is of a Holy-Land.

3.

In Dreamland once I saw a Church;
Amid the trees it stood;
And reared its little steeple-cross
Above the sweet green-wood;
And then I heard a Dreamland chime
Peal out from Dreamland tower,
And saw how Dreamland Christian-folk
Can keep the matin-hour.

4.

And Dreamland Church was decent all,
And green the churchyard round;
The Dreamland sextons never keep
Their kine in holy ground:
And not the tinkling cow-bell there
The poet's walk becalms;
But where the dead in CHRIST repose,
The bells ring holy psalms.

5.

And Dreamland folk do love their dead,
For every mound I saw,
Had flowers, and wreathes, and garlands, such
As painters love to draw!
I asked what seeds made such fair buds,
And—scarce I trust my ears,
The Dreamland folk averred such things
Do only grow from—tears.

6.

And while I hung the graves around,
I heard the organ pour:
I was the only Christian man
Without that sacred door!
A week-day morn—but church was full;
And full the chaunting choir,
For Dreamland music is for GOD,
And not for man and—hire.

7.

I saw the Dreamland minister
In snowy vestments pray:
He seemed to think 'twas natural
That prayer should ope the day:

And Dreamland folk responded loud
To blessings in GOD's name;
And in the praises of the LORD,
They had no sense of shame!

8.

And Dreamland folk, they kneel them down
Right on the stony floor;
I saw they were uncivilized,
Nor knew how we adore:
And yet I taught them not, I own,
The posture more refined,
For well I knew the picturesque
Scarce suits the savage mind.

9.

And Dreamland folk do lowly bow
To own that CHRIST is GOD:
And I confess I taught them not
The fashionable nod.
And Dreamland folk sing GLORIA
At every anthem's close,
But have not learned its value yet
To stir them from a doze.

10.

I saw a Dreamland babe baptized,
With all the church to see,
And strange as 'twas—the blessed sight,
'Twas beautiful to me!
For many a voice cried loud Amen,
When, o'er its streaming brow,
The pearly cross was charactered,
To seal its Christian vow.

11.

I learned that Dreamland children all,
As bowing sponsors swear,
To bishop's hands are duly brought,
To Eucharist and prayer:
And Dreamland maids wear snow-white veils
At confirmation-hour;
For such—an old Apostle wrote,
Should clothe their heads, with power.

12.

The Dreamland folk they wed in church;
They deem the LORD is there,
And, as of old in Galilee,
May bless a bridal pair:

And strange enough, the simple ones,
They see, in wedded love,
Sweet emblems of their Mother Church,
And CHRIST her LORD above.

13.

I saw a Dreamland funeral
Come up the shadowed way:
The Dreamland priest was surplice-clad
To meet the sad array;
And when his little flock drew nigh
To give the dust their dead,
His voice went soothingly before,
As if a shepherd led.

14.

In earth they laid the Dreamland man;
And then a chaunt was given,
So sweet, that I could well believe
I heard a voice from heaven:
And singing children o'er the grave
Like cherub chaunters stood,
Pouring their angel lullabies,
To make its slumber good.

15.

The Dreamland folk count seasons four,
All woven into one!
'Tis Advent, Lent, or Easter-tide,
Or Trinity begun:
The first is green as emerolde,
The next of cypress hue,
The third is glorious all as gold,
The fourth is sapphire-blue.

16.

The Dreamland folk are simple ones;
Who knows but these are they,
Described in ancient chronicle
As Children of the Day!
They seemed no denizens of earth,
But more—a pilgrim band,
With no abiding city here,
Who seek a better land.

17.

So ends my lay, good Christians;
And ye that gave me ear,
Confess that 'twas of Holy-Land
I beckoned ye to hear:

CHRIST bring us all, who bear His cross,
Unto His own countree!
And so no more, good Christians,
Of Dreamland, or of me.

## Carol.

My Beloved is gone down into His garden, to the beds of spices, to feed in the gardens, and to gather lilies.—*Canticles.*

1.

I KNOW—I know
Where the green leaves grow,
When the woods without are bare;
Where a sweet perfume,
Of the woodland's bloom,
Is afloat on the winter air!
When tempest strong
Hath howled along,
With his war-whoop wild and loud,
Till the broad ribs broke
Of the forest oak,
And his crown of glory bowed;

I know—I know
Where the green leaves grow,
  Though the groves without are bare,
Where the branches nod
Of the trees of GOD,
  And the wild vines flourish fair.

2.

For a fragrant crown
When the LORD comes down,
  Of the deathless green we braid,
O'er the altar bright,
Where the tissue white
  Like winter snow is laid.
And we think 'tis meet
The LORD to greet
  As wise men did of old,
With the spiceries
Of incense-trees,
  And hearts like the hoarded gold.
And so we shake
The snowy flake
  From cedar and myrtle fair;

And the boughs that nod
On the hills of GOD,
We raise to His glory there.

3.

I know—I know
Where blossoms blow
The earliest of the year;
Where the passion-flower,
With a mystic power,
Its thorny crown doth rear;
Where crocus breathes,
And fragrant wreaths
Like a censer fill the gale;
Where cowslips burst
To beauty first,
And the lily of the vale:
And snow-drops white;
And pansies bright
As Joseph's coloured vest;
And laurel-tod
From the woods of GOD,
Where the wild-bird builds her nest.

4.

For, oh ! we fling
Each fragrant thing
  In the path of the newly-wed ;
And, when we weep,
Put flowers to sleep
  On the breast of the early dead.
And the altar's lawn,
At morning's dawn,
  We deck at Easter-tide,
And the font's fair brim ;
To tell of Him
  Who liveth though He died !
Of flowers He spake ;
And for His sake
  Whose text was the lilies' bloom,
We search abroad
For the flowers of GOD,
  To give Him their sweet perfume.

5.

I know—I know
Where the waters flow
  In a marble font and nook,

When the frosty sprite
In his strange delight
Hath fettered the brawling brook,
When the dancing stream,
With its broken gleam,
Is locked in its rocky bed;
And the sing-song fret
Of the rivulet
Is hush as the melted lead;
Oh then I know
Where the waters flow
As fresh as the spring-time flood,
When the spongy sod
Of the fields of GOD
And the hedges are all in bud.

6.

For the flowing Font
Bids Frost avaunt,
And the Winter's troop so wild;
And still 'twill gush
In a free full flush,
At the cry of a little child.

O rare the gleam
Of the blessed stream
In the noon of a winter day,
When the ruby stain
Of the coloured pane
Falls in, with holy ray!
For then I think
Of the brimming brink,
And the urns, at the voice divine,
Like Moses' rod
And the rocks of GOD,
That flushed into ruddy wine.

7.

I know—I know
No place below,
Like the home I fear and love;
Like the stilly spot
Where the world is not,
But the nest of the Holy Dove.
For there broods He
Mid every tree
That grows at the Christmas-tide,
And there, all year,
O'er the font so clear,
His hovering wings abide!

And so, I know
No place below
  So meet for the bard's true lay,
As the alleys broad
Of the Church of God,
  Where Nature is green for aye.

# Lament.

FOR THE LENTEN SEASON.

And of some, have compassion.—*St. Jude.*

1.

Oh weep for them who never knew
The mother of our love,
And shed thy tears for orphan ones,
Whom angels mourn above;
The wandering sheep—the straying lambs,
When wolves were on the wold,
That left our Shepherd's little flock,
And ventured from His fold.

2.

Nay, blame them not! for them the Lord
Hath loved as well as you:
But oh, like Jesus pray for them
Who know not what they do:

Oh plead, as once the Saviour did,
That we may all be One,
That so the blinded world may know
The Father sent the Son.

3.

Oh let thy Lenten litanies
Be full of prayer for them!
Oh go ye to the scattered sheep
Of Israel's parent stem!
Oh keep thy fast for Christendom!
For CHRIST's dear body mourn;
And weave again the seamless robe
That faithless friends have torn.

4.

Ye love your dear home-festivals
With every month entwined;
Oh weep for those whose sullen hearths
No Christmas garlands bind!
Those Iceland regions of the faith
No changing seasons cheer,
While our sweet paths drop fruitfulness,
Through all the joyous year.

5.

What though some borealis-beams
On even them may flare!
Pray GOD the sunlight of His love
May rise serenely there;
For fitful flames, oh plead the LORD
To give His daily ray,
With manna dropped, at morn and eve,
Along their desert way.

6.

Oh weep for those, on whom the LORD
While here below did weep,
Lest grievous wolves should enter in,
Not sparing of His sheep;
And eat thy bitter herbs awhile,
That when our Feast is spread,
These too—that gather up the crumbs,
May eat the children's bread.

## Ember-Prayers.

1.

Let out thy soul, and pray!
Not for thy home alone;
Away in prayer, away!
Make all the world thine own.
Let out thy soul in prayer;
Oh, let thy spirit grow!
God gives thee sun and air,
Let the full blossom blow!

2.

There! dost thou not perceive
Thy spirit swell within,
And something high receive,
That is not born of sin?

Oh, paltry is the soul
That only self can heed!
Sail outward—from the shoal,
And bourgeon, from the seed!

3.

Rust and the moth consume
The spangled folds of pride;
Dry-rot doth eat the bloom,
And gnaw the wealth we hide:
The spirit's selfish care
Doth die away the same;
But give it air—free air,
And how the soul can flame!

4.

Yestreen I did not know
How largely I could live;
But Faith hath made me grow
To more than Earth can give.
Joy! for a heart released
From littleness and pride;
Fast is the spirit's feast,
And Lent the soul's high tide.

5.

When for the Church I prayed,
As this dear Lent began,
My thoughts, I'm sore afraid,
Within small limits ran.
By Ember-week I learned
How large that prayer might be,
And then, in soul, I burned
That all might pray with me.

6.

Plead for the victims all
Of heresy and sect;
And bow thy knees like Paul,
For all the LORD'S Elect!
Pray for the Church—I mean,
For Shem and Japhet pray:
And Churches, long unseen,
In isles, and far away!

7.

Oh pray that all who err
May thus be gathered in,
The Moslem worshipper,
And all the sects of sin!

For all who love in heart,
  But have not found the way,
Pray—and thy tears will start!
  'Twas so the LORD did pray.

8.

Now—even for heartless Rome
  Appealing to the Lord,
Be every Church our home,
  And love the battle-word!
The saints, communion—one,
  One Lord—one Faith—one birth,
Oh, pray to GOD the Son,
  For all His Church on Earth.

# England.

The glory of children are their fathers.—*Proverbs.*

1.

Land of the rare old chronicle,
The legend and the lay,
Where deeds of fancy's dream are truths
Of all thine ancient day;
Land where the holly-bough is green
Around the Druid's pile,
And greener yet the histories
That wreathe his rugged isle;

2.

Land of old story—like thine oak
The aged, but the strong,
And wound with antique mistletoe
And ivy-wreaths of song;

Old isle and glorious—I have heard
Thy fame across the sea,
And know my fathers' homes are thine:
My fathers rest with thee!

3.

I know they sleep in hallowed ground
Beneath the church's shade,
Where ring old bells eternally,
For prayer incessant made;
Nor dull their ear to living prayers,
Nor vain the anthem's swell;
Where Christian sounds are lulling him,
The Christian slumbers well.

4.

And I could yet my dust lay down
Beneath old England's sward,
For, lulled by her, 'twere sweet to wait
The coming of the LORD:
Oh England, let thy child desire
Upon thy breast to be,
And bless thee in the mother-words
My mother taught to me!

5.

For I have learned them in the tales
Thy sagest sons have told,
And loved their music in romance
And roundelays of old:
And I have wooed thy poet tide
From fountain-head along,
From warbled gush, to torrent roar
And cataract of song.

6.

And thou art no strange land to me,
From Cumberland to Kent,
With hills and vales of household name
And woods of wild event:
For tales of Guy and Robin Hood
My childhood ne'er could tire,
And Alfred's poet story roused
My boyhood to the lyre.

7.

And I have lived my student years
On Isis' wizard side,
In sooth, no candidate, I ween,
For Alma-Mater's pride;

For fancy that could awe my soul
To surplice, hood, and gown,
Hath mingled me in college freaks,
And quarrels with the Town.

8.

Dear happy homes! where others slight
The boon my soul had prized,
The cells where sages have been bred,
And human lore baptized!
Those walks of towering Magdalene,
Those Christ Church meads so fair,
St. Mary's spire—chime answering chime,
And early bell for prayer!

9.

Oh shame, ye yawning Balliol men
Who hate the prayer-bell's toll,
That I, a far-off stranger wight,
Should love it in my soul;
That oft the Mantuan's hackneyed verse
Revives at thought of you;
Oh, happiest of the happy—ye,
If but your bliss ye knew!

10.

In day-dreams of the roving wish,
The Cherwell's banks I've trod ;
Have pulled an oar on Isis' tide,
Or strayed with gun and rod ;
Have taken rooms, burglarious thought!
Called quiet Corpus mine ;
And won a prize ; ye double-firsts,
Forgive the bold design !

11.

It ne'er can be—but, fancy-free,
To live in one's desire,
To catch from dreams what real life
In Oxford would inspire ;
This use of fancy have I made,
Forbidden else to roam,
Till England is a home to me,
Besides my native home.

12.

Fair isle ! Thy Dove's wild dale along
With Walton have I roved,
And London too, with all the heart
Of burly Johnson, loved !

Chameleon-like, my soul has ta'en
Its every hue from thine,
From Eastcheap's epidemic laugh
To Avon's gloom divine.

13.

All thanks to pencil, and the page
Of graver's mimic art,
That England's panorama gave
To picture up my heart;
That round my spirit's eye hath built
Thine old cathedral piles,
And flung the chequered window-light
Adown their trophied aisles.

14.

I know thine abbey, Westminster
As sea-birds know their nest,
And flies my home-sick soul to thee,
When it would find a rest;
Where princes and old bishops sleep,
With sceptre and with crook,
And mighty spirits haunt around
Each Gothic shrine and nook.

15.

I feel the sacramental hue
Of choir and chapel, there,
And pictured panes that chasten down
The day's unholy glare;
And dear it is, on cold gray stone,
To see the sunbeams crawl,
In long-drawn lines of coloured light
That streak the bannered wall.

16.

I hear the priest's far-dying chaunt,
The organ's thunder-roll;
I kneel me on the chilly floor,
And pray with all my soul;
I feel that God Himself is there,
And saints are sleeping round;
Oh, save the Holy Sepulchre,
'Tis Earth's most holy ground!

17.

Thus, Albion, have I lived with thee,
Though born so far away;
With thee I spend each holy eve,
And every festal day.

My Sunday morn is musical,
With England's steeple-tone;
And when thy Christmas hearths are bright,
A blaze is on my own.

18.

What though upon thy dear green hills
My footsteps never trod;
Thine empire is as far and wide
As all the world of God!
And by the sea-side glorious
Have I been wont to stand,
For Ocean is old England's own,
Where'er it beats the land.

19.

I've seen thy beacon-banners blaze
Our mountain coast along,
And swelled my soul with memories
Of old romaunt and song:
Of Chevy-chase, of Agincourt,
Of many a field they told;
Of Norman and Plantagenet,
And all their fame of old!

20.

What though the red-cross blazonry
Waved fast and far away;
Not so the flourished vaunt it flung
Of Cœur-de-Lion's day;
Not so the golden tales it told
Of crown and kingdom won,
And how my own forefathers fought
For CHRIST, at Ascalon.

21.

And well thy banner-folds may bear
In red—the Holy Rod,
Thy priests have princes been to men,
Thy princes, priests to GOD!
And bold to win a crown in heaven
The royal Martyr bled:
The martyrs' noble host is full
Of England's noblest dead.

22.

Thy holy Church—the Church of GOD
That hath grown old in thee,
Since there the ocean-roving Dove
Came bleeding from the sea;

When pierced afar, her weary feet
Could find no home but thine,
Until thine altars were her nest,
Thy fanes her glory's shrine

23.

At least that holy Church is mine!
And every hallowed day,
I bend where England's anthems swell,
And hear old England pray:
And England's old adoring rites,
And old liturgic words,
Are mine—but not for England's sake;
I love them as the LORD's!

24.

And I have sung. By Babel's stream
The Hebrew's harp was still,
For there, there was no GOD for him,
No shrine and holy hill:
But here, by Hudson's glorious wave,
A song of thee I'll sound,
For England's sons and spires are here,
And England's GOD around.

## I.

### THE STORY OF SOME RUINS.

1.

THE abbeys and the arches,
The old cathedral piles,
Oh, weep to see the ivy
And the grass in all their aisles;
The vaulted roof is fallen,
And the bat and owl repose
Where once the people knelt them,
And the high TE DEUM rose.

2.

Oh, were they not our Father's!
Was not His honour there!
Or hath the LORD deserted
His holy House of Prayer!

Time was, when they were sacred
As the place of Jacob's rest,
And their altars all as spotless
As the Virgin Mother's breast.

3.

Oh, wo ! the hour that brought him,
The Roman and his reign,
To shed o'er all our temples
The scarlet hue and stain :
Till the mitre and the crosier
Were dizzen'd o'er with gems,
And sullied with the tinsel
Of the Cæsars' diadems.

4.

But still our Father loved us ;
And the Holy Place had still
Its beauty, and its glory,
On its old eternal hill.
His heritage they trampled,
Those men of iron rod !
But still it towered in honour,
The temple of our God.

## II.

### MARTYRS REFORM THE CHURCH.

1.

Ye abbeys and ye arches,
Ye old cathedral piles,
The martyrs' noble army
Are in your hallowed aisles.
And the bishop and the baron
Have knelt together there,
And breathed a vow to heaven
In agony of prayer.

2.

And to chase away the tyrant
From England's happy home,
They have risen like their fathers,
'Gainst the cruel hordes of Rome;
For oh they love the temples
Where virgin Faith has trod,
Though all too long within them
Man showed himself as God.

3.

Ye abbeys and ye arches,
Ye old cathedral piles,

Again a holy incense
Is in your vaulted aisles!
Again in noble English
The Christian anthems swell,
And out the organ pealeth,
Over stream and stilly dell.

4.

And the bishop, and the deacon,
And the presbyter are there,
In pure and stainless raiment,
At Eucharist and prayer;
And the bells swing free and merry,
And a nation shouteth round,
For the LORD Himself hath triumphed,
And His voice is in the sound.

## III.

BUT REGICIDES MAKE DISSENT:

1.

Ye abbeys and ye arches,
Ye old cathedrals blest,
Be strong against the earthquake,
And the days of your unrest;
For not the haughty Roman
Could make old England bow,
But the children of her bosom
Are the foes that trouble now.

2.

A gleam is in the abbey,
And a sound ariseth there;
'Tis not the light of worship,
'Tis not the voice of prayer:
Their hands are red with murder,
And a prince's fall they sing!
They would slay the LORD of Glory
Should He come again as King.

3.

And a lawless soldier tramples
Where the holy loved to kneel,

And he spurns a bishop's ashes
With his ruffian hoof of steel!
Ay, horses have they stabled
Where the blessed martyrs knelt,
That neigh—where rose the anthem,
And the psalm that made us melt.

4.

There, once a glorious window
Shed down a flood of rays,
With rainbow hues and holy,
And colours all ablaze!
Its pictured panes are broken,
Our fathers' tombs profaned,
And the font where we were christened,
With the blood of brothers stained.

## IV.

AND FULFIL THE SEVENTY-FOURTH PSALM.

1.

Ye abbeys and ye arches,
Ye old cathedrals dear,
The hearts that love you tremble,
And your enemies have cheer;
But the prayers ye heard are breathing,
And your litanies they sing;
There are holy men in England
That are praying for their king.

2.

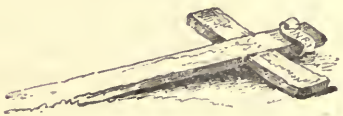
The noble in the cottage,
While the hind is in his hall,
Still kneels, as if he heard them,
When your chimes were wont to call:
And at morning, and at evening,
There are high-born hearts and true,
In the lowliest huts of England,
That will bless the king, and you.

3.

And bishops, in their prison,
Will still the lessons read,
How the good are often troubled,
While the vilest men succeed;
How God's own heart may honour
Whom the people oft disown,
And how the royal David
Was driven from his throne.

4.

And their Psalter mourneth with them,
O'er the carvings and the grace,
Which axe and hammer ruin,
In the fair and holy place;
O'er the havoc they are making
In all the land abroad,
And the banners of the cruel
In the dwelling-house of God.



## V.

### BUT GOD IS WITH US TO THE END.

1.

Ye abbeys and ye arches,
How few and far between,
The remnants of your glory
In all their pride are seen!
A thousand fanes are fallen,
And the bat and owl repose
Where once the people knelt them,
And the high TE DEUM rose.

2.

But their dust and stones are precious
In the eyes of pious men,
And the baron hath his manor,
And the king his own again!
And again the bells are ringing
With a free and happy sound,
And again TE DEUM riseth
In all the churches round.

3.

Now pray we for our mother,
That England long may be
The holy, and the happy,
And the gloriously free!
Who blesseth her, is blessed!
So peace be in her walls;
And joy in all her palaces,
Her cottages and halls!

4.

All ye who pray in English,
Pray God for England, pray!
And chiefly, thou, my country,
In thy young glory's day!
Pray God those times return not,
'Tis England's hour of need!
Pray for thy mother—daughter,
Plead God for England—plead.

## The Chimes of England.

Upon the bells.—*Zechariah.*

1.

The chimes, the chimes of Motherland,
Of England green and old,
That out from fane and ivied tower
A thousand years have tolled ;
How glorious must their music be
As breaks the hallowed day,
And calleth with a seraph's voice
A nation up to pray !

2.

Those chimes ,that tell a thousand tales,
Sweet tales of olden time ;
And ring a thousand memories
At vesper, and at prime !

At bridal and at burial,
For cottager and king,
Those chimes—those glorious Christian chimes,
How blessedly they ring!

3.

Those chimes, those chimes of Motherland,
Upon a Christmas morn,
Outbreaking as the angels did,
For a Redeemer born!
How merrily they call afar,
To cot and baron's hall,
With holly decked and mistletoe,
To keep the festival!

4.

The chimes of England, how they peal
From tower and gothic pile,
Where hymn and swelling anthem fill
The dim cathedral aisle;
Where windows bathe the holy light
On priestly heads that falls,
And stain the florid tracery
Of banner-dighted walls!

5.

And then, those Easter bells, in Spring,
Those glorious Easter chimes!
How loyally they hail thee round,
Old Queen of holy times!
From hill to hill, like sentinels,
Responsively they cry,
And sing the rising of the LORD,
From vale to mountain high.

6.

I love ye—chimes of Motherland,
With all this soul of mine,
And bless the LORD that I am sprung
Of good old English line:
And like a son I sing the lay
That England's glory tells;
For she is lovely to the LORD,
For you, ye Christian bells!

7.

And heir of her ancestral fame,
Though far away my birth,
Thee too I love, my Forest-land,
The joy of all the earth;

For thine thy mother's voice shall be,
And here—where God is King,
With English chimes, from Christian spires,
The wilderness shall ring.

# Scotland.

## THE ORANGE SACRILEGE.

Though all the nations that are under the king's dominion obey him and fall away, every one from the religion of their fathers, . . . . . God forbid that we should forsake the law, and the ordinances! We will not hearken to the king's words to go from our religion, either on the right hand or the left.—*Maccabees.*

1.

'Twas a true-hearted Scotsman
Had risen from his knees,
All in a glorious chapel
Reared by the old Culdees.
That day the axe of Orange
On Scotland's altars rung,
And down fair cross and crosier
Upon the Earth were flung.

2.

And as he rose from praying
The raving mob broke in;
And as he passed the portal,
He heard the spoiler's din.

He beat his breast—and tear-drops
They stood in either eye :
He left that church for ever,
But thus did prophesy.

3.

Ah me—St. Andrew's crosier !
'Tis broken and laid low :
God help thee, Church of Scotland,
It seemeth thy death-blow !
They've robbed thee of thine altars,
They've ta'en thine ancient name ;
But thou'rt the Church of Scotland
Till Scotland melts in flame.

4.

Ay—hear it, heartless William,
Thou shalt have ne'er a son !
Thy tree—it shall be blighted,
For this that thou hast done !
Thine orange-bough, in Britain,
Shall leave nor branch nor shoot !
For God uproots the sovereign
That would His Church uproot !

5.

Ay—grasp old Scotia's thistle,
Thy daring hand must bleed;
But touch the cross of Andrew,
Thy soul shall rue the deed!
Unroof the Church of Scotland,
She lives in dens and caves;
She cries to GOD, and tyrants
Are ashes, in their graves.

6.

And thou, old Church, like princes
When clowns usurp their state,
Shalt be confest, in exile,
The ancient and the great!
Not she that thus usurpeth
Can boast one grace of thine;
That grace—it cometh only
Of Apostolic line.

7.

Then leave to grim Genevans
Cathedral choir and aisle,
Let Psalms of Covenanters
Be quavered there awhile:

The very stones shall flout them,
In beauty built, and might,
For apostolic service,
And high liturgic rite.

8.

And thou, true Church of Scotland,
Cast down, shalt not despair;
When dower'd wives are barren,
The desolate shall bear;
Thy sons—they shall be princes,
To take their fathers' stead,
And shame the Church whose portion
Is proud, and full of bread!

9.

When o'er the western waters
They seek for crook and key,
The LORD shall make like Hannah's
Thy poor and low degree!
Thou o'er new worlds the sceptre
Of Shiloh shalt extend,
And a long line of children
From thy sad breast descend.

10.

And when, at length, old Scotland,
Her chiefs and her true men,
Her Highlands and her Lowlands
Shall find their hearts agen:
When martyr'd Sharpe upriseth
In spirit 'gainst his foes,
And souls are bred in Scotland
To match the great Montrose;

11.

In Edin's high cathedral,
No more the fish-wife's voice;
In Glasgow's crypts and cloisters,
No more the rabble's choice;
Oh then St. Andrew's crosier
Once more shall be upheld,
And the Culdee mitre glisten
In Brechin and Dunkeld.

12.

See after See uprearing
Once more the shattered cross;
Once more a bishop treading
The heathery braes of Ross;

Fair Elgin's choir enfolding
The Moray shepherd's rest,
And Holyrood—from ruins
Uprising, bright and blest;

13.

From Berwick to the Orkneys,
How each old kirk shall gleam
In beauty and in brightness,
With thy returning beam!
One heart in Gael and Saxon,
In cotter and in thane;
One creed—one Church in Scotland,
From Caithness to Dumblane!

14.

Then faint not, Church of Scotland!
Thy beauty and thy worth
Shall make a new uprising,
In fair and sightly Perth;
When shines in wild Glenalmond
The dew of thy new day,
Again thy noon of glory
Shall glitter o'er the Tay.

15.

Bide thou thy time in patience!
The sons of thy bold foes
Shall build thine old waste places,
Dunfermline and Melrose.
Where now the sons of havoc
Upon thine altars tread,
Thine own Liturgic Service
Shall bless the Cup and Bread.

16.

Save only from the spoiler
That pure and ancient rite!
In Scotland's Altar-service
All churches must unite:
And—as the Ark of Scotland,
Keep thou thy rightful name,
For thou'rt the Church of Scotland
Till Scotland melts in flame!

## Seabury's Mitre.

IN TRINITY COLLEGE, HARTFORD.

1.

THE rod that from Jerusalem
Went forth so strong of yore;
That rod of David's royal stem,
Whose hand the farthest bore?
St. Paul to seek the setting sun,
They say, to Britain prest:
St. Andrew to old Caledon;
But who still further West?

2.

Go ask!—a thousand tongues shall tell
His name and dear renown,
Where altar, font, and holy bell,
Are gifts he handed down:

A thousand hearts keep warm the name,
Which share those gifts so blest;
Yet even this may tell the same,
First mitre of the West!

3.

This mitre with its crown of thorn,
Its cross upon the front;
Not for a proud adorning worn,
But for the battle's brunt:
This helmet—with Salvation's sign,
Of one whose shield was faith;
This crown—of him, for right divine
Who battled unto death!

4.

Oh! keep it—till the moth shall wear
Its comeliness to dust,
Type of a crown that's laid up where
There is nor moth nor rust;
Type of the LORD's commission given
To this, our Western shore;
The rod of CHRIST—the keys of heaven,
Through one, to thousands more.

5.

They tell how Scotia keeps with awe
Her old Regalia bright,
Sign of her independent law,
And proud imperial right;
But keep this too for Scotland's boast;
'Twill tell of better things,
When long old Scotia shall have lost
Those gewgaws of her kings.

6.

And keep it for this mighty West
Till truth shall glorious be,
And good old Samuel's is confest
Columbia's primal see.
'Tis better than a diadem,
The crown that Bishop wore,
Whose hand the rod of David's stem
The furthest Westward bore.

# Rustic Churches.

ST. GABRIEL'S, WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT.

1.

Yes—'tis the village-joiner's work,
With but his axe and saw:
No Wykeham was the humble clerk
That such a plan could draw!
'Tis what a rural parish could,
With what its farms supplied;
Not what in mind and heart they would,
Had they the gold beside!

2.

Yet hath it merit—in the eye
That can, by fancy's aid,
What time can only give, supply,
Of shrubbery and shade.

Add but of ancient elms a score,
Those undissenting trees,
And he that passes by shall pore,
Well-pleased, on what he sees.

3.

Its merit, first, is—what 'tis not;
That hippogriff of art,
By crude Genevan rites begot,
Half temple, and half mart;
Nor yet that type of changing shifts,
A hall low-roofed and tinned,
On which a wooden Babel lifts
Its weather-cock to wind.

4.

Nor does it bring those shaggy curs
Instinctively to mind,
With forward parts adorned in furs,
But shaven close behind;
Like many a pine-wood parody
Of Parthenon or Pnyx,
Which oft, as frontispiece, we see,
To meeting-house of bricks.

5.

Again—as country parsons speak,
Some merit it may claim
In that it dares to look antique,
In colour and in frame.
And then, no passer-by can doubt
Its spiritual kin,
For oh, it tells the truth, without,
Of what it is, within!

6.

All that the Church requires it hath,
Chancel, and porch, and nave,
A sacristy, and holy bath
The sinner's soul to lave:
And in the baptist'ry a well;
O'er-head, an open roof;
A gable-cot to hold the bell;
The cross—a church's proof!

7.

So once—where now St. Joseph's thorn
Blooms by an abbey's towers,
Stood the poor Briton's church, forlorn,
And ruder far than ours!

Nor here the faithful eye shall fail
The brightening view to catch,
That opened from that structure frail
Of wicker-work and thatch.

8.

For dear is even the first rude art
Which holy Faith inspires!
The whole is augured from the part,
Achievements—from desires.
At least such churches symbolize
The place where CHRIST was born;
And mangers may to minsters rise,
As noontide from the morn.

# Churchyards.

## ST. GEORGE'S, HEMPSTEAD.

1.

I NEVER can see a churchyard old,
With its mossy stones and mounds,
And green-trees weeping the unforgot
That rest in its hallowed bounds;
I never can see the old churchyard,
But I breathe to GOD a prayer,
That, sleep as I may in this fevered life,
I may rest when I slumber there.

2.

Our mother, the Earth, hath a cradle-bed
Where she gathereth sire and son,
And the old-world's fathers are pillowed there,
Her children, every one!

And her cradle it hath a dismal name,
When riseth the banquet's din,
And pale is the cheek at dance or wine,
If a song of its sleep break in.

3.

But our mother the Church hath a gentle nest,
Where the LORD's dear children lie,
And its name is sweet to a Christian ear,
As a motherly lullaby.
Oh the green churchyard, the green churchyard,
Is the couch she spreads for all;
And she layeth the cottager's baby there,
With the lord of the tap'stry hall!

4.

Our mother the Church hath never a child
To honour before the rest,
But she singeth the same for mighty kings
And the veriest babe on her breast;
And the bishop goes down to his narrow bed
As the ploughman's child is laid,
And alike she blesseth the dark-browed serf
And the chief in his robe arrayed.

5.

She sprinkles the drops of the bright new-birth
The same on the low and high,
And christens their bodies with dust to dust,
When earth with its earth must lie;
Oh the poor man's friend is the Church of CHRIST
From birth to his funeral day:
She makes him the LORD's, in her surpliced arms,
And singeth his burial lay.

6.

And ever the bells in the green churchyard
Are tolling, to tell ye this:
Go pray in the church, while pray ye can,
That so ye may sleep in bliss.
And wise is he in the glow of life,
Who weaveth his shroud of rest,
And graveth it plain on his coffin-plate,
That the dead in CHRIST are blest.

7.

I never can see a green churchyard
But I think I may slumber there,
And I wonder within me what strange disease
Shall bring me to homes so fair;

And whether in breast, in brain, or blood,
There lurketh a secret sore,
Or whether this heart, so warm and full,
Hath a worm at its inmost core.

8.

For I know, ere long, some limb of mine
To the rest may traitor prove,
And steal from the strong young frame I wear,
The generous flush I love:
I know I may burn into ashes soon,
With this feverish flame of life;
Or the flickering lamp may soon blaze out,
With its dying self at strife.

9.

And here—I think—when they lay me down,
How strange will my slumber be,
The cold cold clay for my dreamless head,
And the turf for my canopy;
How stilly will creep the long long years
O'er my quiet sleep away,
And oh what a waking that sleep shall know,
At the peal of the Judgment-day!

10.

Up—up from the graves and the clods around
The quickened bones will stare;
I know that within this green churchyard
A host shall be born to air;
A thousand shall struggle to earth agen,
From under the sods I tread:
Oh, strange—thrice strange, shall the story be
Of the field where they lay the dead!

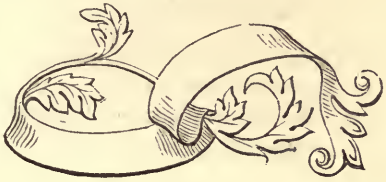
11.

Oh bury me, then, in the green churchyard,
As my old forefathers rest,
Nor lay me in cold Necropolis,
'Mid many a grave unblest:
I would sleep where the church-bells aye ring out;
I would rise by the house of prayer,
And feel me a moment at home, on earth,
For the Christian's home is there.

12.

I never loved cities of living men,
And towns of the dead I hate;
Oh let me rest in the churchyard then,
And hard by the church's gate;

'Tis there I pray to my Saviour CHRIST,
And I will, till mine eye is dim,
That, sleep as I may in this fevered life,
I may rest, at last, in Him.



## Trinity, Old Church.

EASTER-EVEN, 1840.

Thy servants think upon her stones, and it pitieth them to see her in the dust.—*Psalter.*

1.

The Paschal moon is ripe to-night
On fair Manhada's bay,
And soft it falls on Hoboken,
As where the Saviour lay:
And beams, beneath whose paly shine
Nile's troubling angel flew,
Show many a blood-besprinkled door
Of our Passover too.

2.

But here where, many a holy year,
It shone on arch and aisle,
What means its cold and silver ray
On dust, and ruined pile?

Oh where's the consecrated porch,
The sacred lintel where,
And where's that antique steeple's height,
To bless the moonlight air ?

3.

I seem to miss a mother's face
In this her wonted home ;
And linger in the green churchyard
As round that mother's tomb.
Old Trinity ! thou too art gone !
And in thine own blest bound,
They've laid thee low, dear mother church,
To rest in holy ground !

4.

The vaulted roof that trembled oft
Above the chaunted psalm ;
The quaint old altar where we owned
Our very Paschal Lamb ;
The chimes that ever in the tower
Like seraph-music sung,
And held me spell-bound in the way,
When I was very young ;

5.

The marble monuments within;
The 'scutcheons old and rich;
And one bold bishop's effigy
Above the chancel-niche;
The mitre and the legend there
Beneath the coloured pane;
All these—thou knewest, Paschal moon,
But ne'er shalt know again!

6.

And thou wast shining on this spot
That hour the Saviour rose!
But oh, its look, that Easter morn,
The Saviour only knows.
A thousand years—and 'twas the same,
And half a thousand more;
Old moon, what mystic chronicles,
Thou keepest, of this shore!

7.

And so till good queen Anna reigned,
It was a heathen sward:
But then they made its virgin turf
An altar to the LORD.

With holy roof they covered it ;
And when Apostles came,
They claimed, for CHRIST, its battlements,
And took it, in GOD's Name.

8.

Then, Paschal moon, this sacred spot
No more thy magic felt,
Till flames brought down the holy place
Where our forefathers knelt.
Again, 'tis down—the grave old pile ;
That mother church sublime !
Look on its roofless floor, old moon,
For 'tis thy last—last time !

9.

Ay, look with smiles, for never there
Shines Paschal moon agen,
Till breaks the Earth's great Easter-day
O'er all the graves of men !
So wane away, old Paschal moon,
And come next year as bright ;
Eternal rock shall welcome thee,
Our faith's devoutest light !

10.

They rear old Trinity once more:
And, if ye weep to see,
The glory of this latter house,
Thrice glorious shall be!
Oh lay its deep foundations strong,
And, yet a little while,
Our Paschal Lamb Himself shall come
To light its hallowed aisle.

## Trinity, New Church.

ASCENSION DAY, 1846.

I will lay thy stones with fair colours, and lay thy foundations with sapphires. And I will make thy windows of agates and thy gates of carbuncles, and all thy borders of pleasant stones. And all thy children shall be taught of the LORD; and great shall be the peace of thy children.—*Isaiah.*

1.

'Tis raised in beauty from the dust,
And 'tis a goodly pile!
So takes our infant Church, I trust,
Her own true stamp and style.
As birds put forth their own attire,
As shells o'er sea-nymphs grow,
'Tis ours—nave, chancel, aisle, and spire,
And not a borrowed show.

2.

Not this, a church without—to hide
Conventicle within ;
Here is no masquerade outside
Of but the lion's skin !
Not this a lie engraved in rocks !
'Tis—what it shews abroad,
A mountain piled in shapely blocks,
And made the House of God.

3.

'Tis native comeliness ! As earth
Puts forth her golden sheaves,
As flowers mature their brilliant birth,
And trees put on their leaves ;
As human flesh grows sound and fair
Around the human bone,
So doth the Church this glory wear,
And clothe herself in stone.

4.

How like herself our mother seems
In this—her ancient dress !
'Tis as a robe the gazer deems
Well worn by loveliness.

The clothing that befits a queen,
With ease and grace she wears:
Her home attire, for daily scene,
And daily work of prayers!

5.

Not this a Gothic gazing-stock,
Where nought is meant or told;
Translated into solid rock,
The prayer-book's self behold!
Sermons in stones! Yes—more beside,
A language, and a voice!
Much utter'd—but far more implied
That makes the heart rejoice.

6.

Without—each little carving speaks
Of CHRIST, the Crucified,
To Jews a stumbling-block, to Greeks
'Tis foolishness beside:
But oh, to all the faithful—see,
From porch to topmost tower,
It telleth of the TRINITY,
And preacheth CHRIST with power!

7.

Within—behold the promised grace,
Fair stones, and colours too,
To beautify the holy place,
And shed a feeling through!
Windows of agates—pictured sights
With floral borders bound,
Yes—pleasant stones, and sapphire lights
That throw a glory round.

8.

Oh GOD, how beautiful and vast
Men's minds and fancies grow,
When, in Thy mould of doctrine cast,
Their warm ideas flow!
When 'tis Thy Church inspires the thought,
And forms the bold design,
Till, from a sullen rock, is wrought
A symbol so divine!

9.

But note the better part, as well:
The Church's children all,
Called daily, by the holy bell,
To prayer and festival.

Oh gather them from far abroad;
Oh pray, and never cease:
When all thy sons are taught of GOD,
How great shall be their peace!

10.

Dear cross! hold fast thy height in air:
Stand ever wide, blest door!
And ever crowd, ye faithful, there,
High, lowly, rich, and poor!
Sweet bells! ring ever your glad sound,
And let its message be
Ho! ye that thirst—here CHRIST is found,
And here His home is free.

# The Spire-Cross.

The offence of the Cross.—*St. Paul.*

1.

Cross of Christ, Star of grace,
O'er the high and holy place,
Like the light of Jesu's face
So divine,
For love of what thou art,
My best and chosen part,
I hail thee in my heart;
Blessed Sign!

2.

Let Japanese and Jews,
And Antichristian crews,
The stumbling-block refuse
And deride!

But oh thou glorious Tree,
Bathed with JESU's blood, for me,
Thou Cross of Calvary,
Crimson dyed ;

3.

Their souls have never known
What comes by thee alone,
And their heart is like a stone
In their breast !
But mine the broken Bread,
And the Blood my SAVIOUR shed ;
And the Cross, on which He bled,
Is my rest.

4.

How glorious is its form,
In the starlight, or the storm,
In the morning, or the warm
Light of noon ;
It peereth in the air,
O'er the holy place of prayer,
And is beautiful and fair,
By the moon.

5.

Let it be the Christian's boast;
Let it glitter from the coast!
Like a watchman, at his post,
Let it say
Here the LORD JEHOVAH dwells,
Here ring the holy bells,
Here the Church's service swells;
Come and pray!

6.

As the rent and ravelled rag
Of the soldier's flying flag,
On the rampart's blazing crag,
Rouseth him;
It points me to the prize,
And to see it in the skies,
Brings the tear-drops to my eyes,
And they swim.

7.

Like a trumpet's stirring psalm,
It reminds me what I am,
A soldier of the Lamb!
And, right down,

My soul it yearns to kneel,
And renew my SAVIOUR'S seal,
That I may, with newer zeal,
Win His crown.

8.

And so, thou glorious Cross,
On the steeple's golden boss,
O'er a world of gilded dross,
Lifted high,
Thou hast been to me, this day,
Like a far descending ray,
That lights some hut of clay,
From the sky!

9.

My banner bright art thou,
And I wear thee on my brow,
With my baptismal vow,
Writ in gore:
Oh JESU, from my heart,
Let its shadow ne'er depart,
But, to bring me where Thou art,
Go before!

# Oratories.

## PRIVATE PRAYER IN CHURCHES.

1.

In a church's aisle or towers,
Vestry, porch, or chancel-side,
If—in prayerless days like ours,
Any open door is spied ;
Say not that the Sacristan
Happens there to ply his broom ;
Say—some viewless friend of man
Beckons thee, and says there's room.
'Tis the house of prayer—Go in !
'Tis the Christian's home by right !
Find some nook, confess thy sin,
And go forth in Jesus' might.

2.

Halt not for some foolish doubt!
Is it not thy Father's home?
Who will dare to turn thee out,
When the Master bids thee come?
Is it open? Worship GOD!
If another lounges round,
Talking, staring, laughing broad,
Let him learn—'tis hallowed ground.
'Tis the house of prayer—&c.

3.

Like the publican of old,
Hide the face, and smite the breast,
Say his words, and—manifold
Be thy secret sins confess'd!
For the people there that pray,
For the priest, whose vows are there,
Brother-like a collect say,
Pray some dear familiar prayer.
'Tis the house of prayer—&c.

4.

Oh 'tis sweet a home to claim
Thus, where'er a church we see,
Stealing in, though not with shame,
Yet to worship noiselessly;
Like the birds to nestle there
Where the Psalmist's cedars grow;
And to leave a fragrant prayer
Wafting heavenward as we go.
'Tis the house of prayer—Go in!
'Tis the Christian's home by right,
Find some nook—confess thy sin,
And go forth in JESUS' might.

## Wayside Homes.

1.

As I rode on my errand along,
I came where a prim little spire
Chimed out to the landscape a song,
And glowed in the sunset like fire.

2.

Its cross beamed a beckoning ray,
And the home of my Mother I knew;
So I pressed to its portal to pray,
And my book from my bosom I drew.

3.

How sweet was the service within,
And the plain rustic chaunt how sincere!
How welcome the pardon of sin,
And the kind parting blessing how dear!

4.

And the parson—I knew not his name,
  And the brethren—each face was unknown;
But the Church and the prayers were the same,
  And my heart claimed them all for its own.

5.

For I knew—in my own little nook,
  That eve, the same Psalter was said,
And Lessons, the same from the Book,
  By my far-away darlings were read.

6.

So I prayed, and went on in my way,
  Blessing God for the Church He hath given:
My steed on his journey was gay;
  So was I—on my journey to Heaven.

## Little Woodmere.

### THE PRAYER-BOOK PATTERN.

1.

A NAVE it had, and a chancel,[1]
The Church of Little Woodmere!
A porch at the south: on the north side
Did a tower and its steeple peer.

2.

And a bell, o'er the eastern gable,
In a cross-topped belfry swung;
When the Litany was beginning,
The gable-bell was rung.

3.

The chancel it had a window,
All cunningly set with stains:
There were angels and saints and martyrs
Seen in its pictured panes.

4.

From the dust and noise of the highway,
'Twas a furlong perchance withdrawn;
Hard by stood the rectory mansion,
On a trim little shrubbery lawn.

5.

And all round the church was a churchyard,
With beautiful clumps of trees;
The churchyard cross was planted
On a hillock—like Calvary's.

6.

A quaint little roof o'er the gateway,
Where funerals paus'd with the bier!
When the priest came forth, in his surplice,
He began the service here.

7.

The rich and poor, all together,
On the south of the church were sown,
To be raised in the same incorruption
When the trumpet, at last, is blown.

8.

On the north of the church were buried
The dead of a hapless fame;
A cross and a wail for pity,
But never a date, or name.

9.

Here and there was a quiet corner,
With a rustic seat in shade,
Where mourners would come and ponder
On the dear ones around them laid.

10.

And there I mused till the bell tolled,
And thought, with the soul in bliss,
The best of good things for the body
Were to sleep in a spot like this.

11.

As I joined in the throng from the village
That were keeping St. Barthelmy's day,
And passed along, with glad faces,
And festival greetings so gay;

12.

I noticed a train of dear children ;
The school of the parish stood near,
And, led by a dame and a deacon,
They came—full of joy and of fear.

13.

And each had a musical Psalter,
For these were the singers ; each one
I fancied might stand for the cherubs
They carve with a scroll, upon stone.

14.

As I entered the nave, by the portal,
I came to the font, and thought
Of the door to the Church Universal,
And how the new-birth is wrought.

15.

For a moment I knelt in devotion ;
And then—as I raised mine eyes
And caught the clear blaze of the chancel
In the glow of a broad sunrise ;

16.

The altar—all bright with its silver,
And the fair white cloth bespread ;
The credence prepared for oblation,
The chalice, and paten of bread ;

17.

I thought of the Church triumphant,
And the altar where JESUS stands,
Our great High-Priest for ever,
With a censer of gold in His hands.

18.

There was a plain cross o'er the rood-loft,
By the chancel's depth relieved ;
And figures were carved, in the railing,
Of saints who have fought and achieved.

19.

And I thought of the happy departed,
And of JESUS' descent into hell ;
And of babes, and of glorious virgins,
In Paradise-glory that dwell.

20.

The nave it was dim, for its ceiling
Was dark with its timbers of oak:
Of the Militant Church 'twas the symbol;
And here knelt the worshipping folk.

21.

They knelt—rich and poor knelt together,
The ploughman at side of the squire:
They recked not of gewgaw or feather,
If white was the soul's attire.

22.

On the gospel-side hung the pulpit;
'Twas carved with an angel and scroll:
And now—from the sacristy entered
The priest, in his cope and his stole.

23.

And soon swelled the tones of the service:
The people were singers, each one;
They chaunted a psalm from the Psalter,
Men and maidens, the sire and the son.

24.

And then came the Prayer and Commandments,
The Collect, with fervour devout,
And then the Epistle and Gospel;
And the Creed—it went up with a shout!

25.

I would you had listened the sermon:
Nathanael, the saint without guile,
Was the text—and the blessed example,
And guileless as he was the style.

26.

And oh, how like Heaven was communion,
Thus far from the world and its cares!
If my life were but led in that village,
'Twould indeed be a life-time of prayers!

27.

Afar from the blast of polemics,
Afar from their hate and their strife,
No scorn of the brawling declaimer
Should turn the still course of my life.

28.

While they would rail on, I'd be praying;
And, blest with a foretaste of bliss,
Live only with Herbert and Ferrar,
Forgetting such ages as this.

29.

With names, in the Canon of Heaven,
That shine like the glittering skies,
Mine too be the scorn of the creatures
Whose god is the Father of Lies;

30.

But—call me a Jew or a Pagan,
I'd pray the good LORD to forgive,
And in heart, and in spirit, a Christian,
'Tis so I would die, and would live.

# Desolations.

## VIRGINIA CHURCHES.

Jerusalem lieth waste, and the gates thereof are burned with fire; come and let us build up the wall of Jerusalem, that we be no more a reproach.—*Nehemiah.*

1.

Hast been where the full-blossomed bay-tree is blowing,
With odours like Eden's around?
Hast seen where the broad-leaved palmetto is growing,
And wild vines are fringing the ground?
Hast sat in the shade of catalpas, at noon,
And eat the cool gourds of their clime;
Or slept where magnolias were screening the moon,
And the mocking-bird sung her sweet rhyme?

2.

And didst mark, in thy journey, at dew-dropping
eve,
Some ruin peer high o'er thy way,
With rooks wheeling round it, and ivy to weave
A mantle for turrets so gray?
Did ye ask if some lord of the cavalier kind
Lived there, when the country was young?
And burned not the blood of a Christian to find
How there the old prayer-bell had rung?

3.

And did ye not glow, when they told ye—the LORD
Had dwelt in that thistle-grown pile;
And that bones of old Christians were under its sward,
That once had knelt down in its aisle?
And had ye no tear-drops your blushes to steep
When ye thought—o'er your country so broad,
The bard seeks in vain for a mouldering heap,
Save only these churches of GOD!

4.

Oh ye that shall pass by those ruins agen,
Go kneel in their alleys and pray,
And not till their arches have echoed amen
Rise up, and fare on, in your way.

Pray God that those aisles may be crowded once more,
Those altars surrounded and spread,
While anthems and prayers are upsent as of yore,
As they take of the Chalice and Bread.

5.

Ay, pray on thy knees, that each old rural fane
They have left to the bat and the mole,
May sound with the loud-pealing organ again,
And the full-swelling voice of the soul.
Peradventure, when next thou shalt journey thereby,
Even-bells shall ring out on the air,
And the dim-lighted windows reveal to thine eye
The snowy-robed pastor at prayer.

## Chelsea.

1.

When old Canúte the Dane
  Was merry England's king;
A thousand years agone, and more,
  As ancient rymours sing;
His boat was rowing down the Ouse,
  At eve, one summer day,
Where Ely's tall cathedral peered
  Above the glassy way.

2.

Anon, sweet music on his ear,
  Comes floating from the fane,
And listening, as with all his soul,
  Sat old Canúte the Dane;

And reverent did he doff his crown,
To join the clerkly prayer,
While swelled old lauds and litanies
Upon the stilly air.

3.

Now, who shall glide on Hudson's breast,
At eve of summer day,
And cometh where St. Peter's tower
Peers o'er his coasting way;
A moment, let him slack his oar,
And speed more still along,
His ears shall catch those very notes
Of litany and song.

4.

The Church that sung those anthem prayers
A thousand years ago,
Is singing yet by silver Cam,
And here by Hudson's flow:
And GLORIAS that thrilled the heart
Of old Canúte the Dane,
Are rising yet, at morn and eve,
From Chelsea's student train.

5.

VENITE EXULTEMUS, there,
Those ancient scholars sung,
And JUBILATE DOMINO
The vaulted alleys rung;
And our gray pile will tremble oft
Beneath the organ's roar,
When here those very matin-songs
With high TE DEUM pour!

6.

And where are kings and empires now,
Since then, that went and came?
But holy Church is praying yet,
A thousand years the same!
And these that sing shall pass away:
New choirs their room shall fill!
Be sure thy children's children here
Shall hear those anthems still.

7.

For not like kingdoms of the world
The holy Church of GOD!
Though earthquake-shocks be rocking it,
And tempest is abroad;

Unshaken as eternal hills,
Unmoveable it stands,
A mountain that shall fill the earth,
A fane unbuilt by hands.

8.

Though years fling ivy over it,
Its cross peers high in air,
And reverend with majestic age,
Eternal youth is there!
Oh mark her holy battlements,
And her foundations strong;
And hear, within, her ceaseless voice,
And her unending song!

9.

Oh ye, that in these latter days
The citadel defend,
Perchance for you, the Saviour said
I'm with you to the end:
Stand therefore girt about, and hold
Your burning lamps in hand,
And standing, listen for your LORD,
And till He cometh—stand!

10.

The gates of hell shall ne'er prevail
  Against our holy home,
But oh be wakeful sentinels,
  Until the Master come!
The night is spent—but listen ye;
  For on its deepest calm,
What marvel if the cry be heard,
  The marriage of the Lamb!

# Vigils.

Let your loins be girded about, and your lights burning.

And ye yourselves like unto men that wait for their lord, when he will return from the wedding;

Blessed are those servants whom the Lord, when He cometh, shall find watching:

And if He shall come in the second watch, or come in the third watch, and find them so, blessed are those servants.—*The Holy Gospel in the Ordering of Deacons.*

1.

It is the fall of eve;
And the long tapers, now, we light
And watch: for we believe
Our Lord may come at night.
Adeste Fideles.

2.

An hour—and it is Seven,
And fast away the evening rolls:
Oh it is dark in heaven,
But light within our souls.
Veni Creator Spiritus!

3.

Hark! the old bell strikes EIGHT!
And still we watch with heart and ear,
For as the hour grows late
The Day-star may be near.
Jubilate DEO!

4.

Hark! it is knelling NINE!
But faithful eyes grow never dim;
And still our tapers shine,
And still ascends our hymn.
Cum Angelis!

5.

The watchman crieth TEN!
My soul, be watching for the Light,
For when He comes agen,
'Tis—as the thief at night.
Nisi Dominus!

6.

By the old bell—ELEVEN!
Now trim thy lamp, and ready stand;
The world to sleep is given,
But JESUS is at hand,
De profundis!

7.

At MIDNIGHT—is a cry!
Is it the Bridegroom draweth near?
Come quickly, LORD, for I
Have longed Thy voice to hear!
Kyrie Eleison!

8.

Could ye not watch ONE hour?
Be ready: or the bridal train
And Bridegroom, with His dower,
May sweep along in vain.
Miserere mei!

9.

By the old steeple—Two!
And now I know the day is near!
Watch—for His word is true,
And JESUS may appear!
Dies Iræ!

10.

THREE—by the drowsy chime!
And joy is nearer than at first.
Oh, let us watch the time
When the first light shall burst!
Sursum corda.

11.

FOUR—and a streak of day!
At the cock-crowing He may come;
And still to all I say,
Watch—and with awe be dumb.
Fili David!

12.

FIVE !—and the tapers now
In rosy morning dimly burn !
Stand, and be girded thou ;
Thy LORD will yet return !
Veni JESU !

13.

Hark ! 'tis the Matin-call !
Oh, when our LORD shall come agen,
At prime or even-fall,
Blest are the wakeful men !
Nunc dimittis.

# Matin Bells.

I myself will awake right early.—*Psalter.*

1.

The Sun is up betimes,
And the dappled East is blushing,
And the merry matin-chimes,
They are gushing—Christian—gushing!
They are tolling in the tower,
For another day begun;
And to hail the rising hour
Of a brighter, brighter Sun!
Rise—Christian—rise!
For a sunshine brighter far
Is breaking o'er thine eyes,
Than the bonny morning-star!

2.

The lark is in the sky,
And his morning-note is pouring:
He hath a wing to fly,
So he's soaring—Christian—soaring!
His nest is on the ground,
But only in the night;
For he loves the matin-sound,
And the highest heaven's height.
Hark—Christian—hark!
At heaven-door he sings!
And be thou like the lark,
With thy soaring spirit-wings!

3.

The merry matin-bells,
In their watch-tower they are swinging;
For the day is o'er the dells,
And they're singing—Christian—singing!
They have caught the morning beam
Through their ivied turret's wreath,
And the chancel-window's gleam
Is glorious beneath:

Go—Christian—go,
For the altar flameth there,
And the snowy vestments glow,
Of the presbyter at prayer!

4.

There is morning incense flung
From the child-like lily-flowers;
And their fragrant censer swung,
Make it ours—Christian—ours!
And hark, our Mother's hymn,
And the organ-peals we love!
They sound like cherubim
At their orisons above!
Pray—Christian—pray,
At the bonny peep of dawn,
Ere the dew-drop and the spray
That christen it, are gone!

## The Curfew.

1.

In each New-England village,
At nine o'clock at night,
Still rings old England's curfew,
And says—put out the light!
Then tell they to their children,
Of long long years ago,
The tale of Battle-Abbey,
How they fought with shaft and bow.

2.

But here's another story
New-England wives may tell,
How he that bade the curfew
Heard an unbidden bell:

And let the boy that listens
Which best he liketh say,
The bell that rings for darkness,
Or the bell that rings for day.

3.

When William lay a-dying,
All dull of eye and dim,
And he that conquered Harold
Felt One that conquered him;
He recked not of the minutes,
The midnight, or the morn,
But there he lay—unbreathing
As the babe that is still-born.

4.

But suddenly a bell tolled!
He started from the swound,
First glared, and then grew gentle,
Then wildly stared around.
He deemed 'twas bell at even,
To quench the Saxon's coal,
But oh, it was a curfew
To quench his fiery soul.

5.

Now, prithee, holy father!
What means this bell, I pray?
Is't curfew-time in England,
Or am I far away?
God wot—it moves my spirit
As if it e'en might be
The bells of mine own city,
In dear old Normandie.

6.

Ay, sire—thou art in Rouen;
And 'tis the prayer-bell's chime
In the steeple of St. Mary's,
That tolls the hour of prime!
Then bid them pray for William,
And may the Virgin-born,
In the Church of His sweet mother,
Hear their praying, this blest morn.

7.

Little dream the kneeling people
Who joins them in their prayers!
They deem not stout King William
Their paternoster shares:

Nor see they how he lifteth
With theirs, his dying hand—
The hand that, from the Saxon,
Tore the crown of fair England!

8.

Nor heard they—as responding
To their chaunting oft he sighed,
Till rose their DE PROFUNDIS,
And the mighty Norman died:
But I have thought, who knoweth,
But if that early toll,
Like the contrite malefactor's,
Moved a dying sinner's soul!

9.

In two worlds—the Anglo-Saxon
Hears yet the curfew knell;
Oh might we learn from William
That soul-awaking bell!
Then should the sound that covers
At night the cheery coal,
Stir too the morning-embers
Of worship in the soul.

## Wildminster.

An altar of earth thou shalt make unto Me.—*Exodus.*

1.

Go where the mossy rock shall be
Thy nature-hallowed shrine,
The leafy copse thy canopy,
Its fringe, the gadding vine!
There let the clusters round that blush,
Be sacramental blood,
And fountains, by thy feet that gush,
Thy pure baptizing flood.

2.

There let the snowy lawn be spread
Upon the turfy mound:
There break the life-bestowing bread,
And bless the people round.

There, the green bush thy chancel rail,
Its cushioned floor the sod,
Bid boldly to the silvan pale
The kneeling host of God.

3.

Look up, and fretted vaults are there,
And heaven itself shines through,
Or evening is depictured fair,
The starlight, and the blue!
A temple never built by hands,
And many a shadowed aisle,
There—where the columned forest stands,
Be thy cathedral pile!

4.

There, are full choir and antiphon
At lauds and vesper-time,
And every niche rings unison
With priestly voice, at prime:
There, shall thy solitary soul
Find out its cloister dim,
With not the labouring organ's roll,
But nature's gushing hymn.

5.

There, the full flowers their odours fling
To bid thee pour thy prayer,
And vines their fragrant censers swing
O'er all the hallowed air;
Thy heart forth-flaming to the skies
Shall like their breath be given,
And like consuming incense rise
In sweetness up to heaven.

6.

Go to the harvest-whitened West,
Ye surpliced priests of God,
In all the Christian armour drest,
And with the Gospel shod:
Go, for their feet are beautiful
That on the mountain stand,
And more than music musical,
The watchman's voice at hand.

7.

Go, for the midnight wanes apace;
The Sun himself is nigh!
Go to the wild and lonely place,
And in the desert cry.

Go,—and the greenwoods are thy fanes,
Thine altars—every sod!
Say to the wilderness, He reigns,
Thy Saviour and thy God!

8.

Lo! where the unsent heralds run,
Why wait Thy priests, oh Lord!
These that were bid, from sun to sun,
To preach the Gospel word?
Oh to Thine harvest, Saviour, send
The hosts of Thine employ,
To reap the ripened sheaves that bend,
And shout them home with joy!

## Nashotah.

AMERICAN MISSIONS.

1.

Oh Lord, our Lord, how spreads that little seed
Which was, at first, of every seed the least!
The birds of air shall scarce its growth outspeed;
Its world-wide branches knit the West and East.

2.

But how it makes my heart of hearts upswell,
To see our English ritual planted there,
Where walks his round Nashotah's sentinel,
And breaks its daily service on the air!

3.

Rude as the Saviour's birthplace are its halls,
O'er which, like Bethlehem's star, the cross appears:
And oft the watchman of those outpost walls
In tented fields his wakeful voice uprears.

4.

Oft, on their summer-mission, as they fare,
They seek the wildwood settler's far retreat,
And rear their curtained chapel—while, to prayer,
The forest-dwellers haste with ready feet.

5.

And where, at dawn, the prairie-fox did bark,
Are heard, by night, sweet canticle and chaunt:
Where sung before no choirist but the lark,
Ring out the Church's anthems jubilant!

6.

Then, in the wilderness, is heard the voice
Of one that, like the Baptist, bids repent;
While the rude trappers tremblingly rejoice,
And hearts, long-hardened, soften and relent.

7.

And there the Norway rover, or the Swede,
Kneels with frank Switzer, and the florid Dane;
And England's exile weeps to find the seed
His Mother scattered—bound in sheaves again:

8.

While here and there, those mingled groups amid,
The smoking torches shew the desert-child;
The sad Oneida's countenance, half hid,
The bloody Osage—tamed, yet darkly wild.

9.

Flares on the Negro's swarth the self-same blaze:
Nor lacks the scene, from Shem's sad tents, some one;
Nashotah's priests have found in desert ways,
Rebecca's child and Isaac's homeless son.

10.

Thus, in the outskirt earth, earth's races meet,
For such their Maker's wonderful award,
And, at our Mother's fair unfettered feet,
Learn of the Cross, and bow to own its LORD!

11.

Another service greets the morrow's dawn,
And babes are christened, and a prayer-book left;
Then—in a trice—priest, chapel, all are gone:
'Tis something if the woodman feels bereft!

12.

Oh might our Mother's caitiff sons that rend
Her yearning bowels, in the mother-land,
See how she blesses thus the far world's end,
And lift for pardoning grace the guilty hand!

13.

Hear, then, my plaint, ye white-robed youth that raise
By stately Cam the even or morning song,
And when in turn ye wear the Senate's bays,
Avenge—your fathers' shame—our Mother's wrong.

14.

And you, ye clerks, 'neath Oxford's glorious domes
That kneel, full oft, too listless at your prayers,
Think of the rites that bless these forest homes,
And yours, perchance, shall be as blest as theirs.

15.

For not your hymns that Wykeham's roofs rebound,
Not Waynflete's arches wake such deep delight,
As that Nashotah's wilds alike resound
The self-same prayers, and own the same sweet rite!

16.

Oh 'tis the glory of our service blest
Not that alone cathedrals hear it sung,
But that its music cheers the world's wild West,
And swells in rudeness from the woodman's tongue.

17.

And oft I think—what joy and strength, in God,
Prophetic vision of what thus I sing,
Had given to saintly Ken, or martyred Laud,
When seemed the Church half dead with suffering!

18.

Or even to him, the frail but reverend sire,
Whose palsied palm passed down the lineal grace,
Yes—even to Cranmer, with that palm on fire,
And Moses' radiance on his dying face;

19.

Had he the Australian wilderness foreseen,
Canadian fastness, and the torrid land,
And priests, despising seas that roll between,
By CHRIST commissioned, through his flaming hand!

20.

Rejoice we, then, remembering other times
When hung the Church's life upon a thread,
That GOD hath slain her tyrants for their crimes,
And raised her up, immortal, from the dead!

## St. Silban's Bell.

Desire of Me, and I shall give thee the heathen for thine inheritance, and the utmost parts of the earth for thy possession.—*Psalter.*

1.

A FORTNIGHT it was from Whitsuntide,
And a service was said that day,
In a little church, that a good man built
In the wilderness far away.
A twelvemonth before, and there was not there
Or temple or holy bell ;
But the place it was free from holiness
As the soul of the Infidel.

2.

Five thousand years this world is old,
And twice four hundred more,
And that green spot had forest been
From the eldest days of yore :

And there had the red-man made his hut,
And the savage beast his lair,
But never, since this old earth was young,
Was it hallowed with Christian prayer.

3.

But now, for the first, a bell rung out,
Through the aisles of the wild greenwood,
And echo came back from the far far trees,
Like the holla of Robin Hood:
And the red-deer woke, in his bosky nook,
That strange strange sound to hear,
And the jessamine-buds from his side he shook,
And he listened awhile in fear.

4.

But the bell that rings for the Prince of Peace
Is never a beast's alarm,
And down went his antlered head agen,
Like an infant asleep on its arm:
And the woodman went by, and stirred him not,
With his wife and children round,
And the baby leaped up on its mother's breast,
And laughed at the church-bell's sound.

5.

For the babe, he was all unchristened yet,
And well might he leap for joy;
A fountain was gushing, where rung that bell,
That should make him a Christian boy!
And his mother—she thought of the Catechist,
And she blessed the LORD above,
That her child should be baptized for CHRIST,
And taught in His fear and love.

6.

And she prayed in her heart, as Hannah prayed,
He might kneel in the chancel fair,
Like children they brought to the LORD of old,
To be blest with the bishop's prayer:
And she saw, far off, the vested priest,
The ring, and the marriage-bann,
Making some maiden a happy wife,
And her boy a happier man.

7.

And the bell rung on; and the wood sent forth,
From their log-built homes around,
The yeomanry all with their families,
A-wondering at the sound;

And tears I saw in an old man's eye,
That came from a far countree;
It minded his inmost soul, he said,
Of the church-bells over the sea.

8.

For a boy was he, in England, once,
And he loved the merry chimes;
Had heard them ring out of a Whitsuntide,
And waken the holiday-times!
And a boy was he when hither he came,
But now he was old and gray;
He had not thought that a Christian bell
Should toll on his burial-day.

9.

A boy was he when he first swung axe
Against the strong oak limb;
He was gray-haired now, when he heard the bell
And threw it away from him;
And he followed the sound—for he thought of home,
And the motherly hand so fair,
That led him along through the churchyard mounds,
And made him kneel down to prayer.

10.

And now did an organ's peal break out,
And the bell-notes died away:
And a holy bishop, in robes, was there,
And priests in their white array.
And I heard a voice go up the nave,
And the priests, responding plain;
Lift up your heads, ye gates—they said,
For the King of Glory's train!

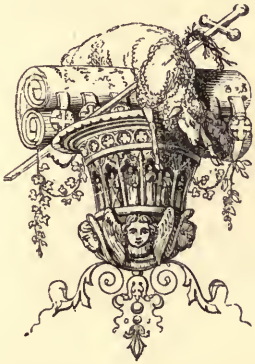
11.

And I could not but weep, for I knew, on high,
The Saviour had asked of GOD,
That the utmost lands might all be His,
And the ground whereon I trod;
And I blessed the good LORD, that here at length
His own true heralds came,
To challenge for CHRIST His heritage,
And hallow it with His Name.

12.

Now pray with me, that ever there
St. Silvan's bell may ring,
And the yeomen brave, with their children all,
The praise of the Saviour sing:

And pray ye still, that, further west,
The song of the bell may sound,
Till the land, from sea to sea, is blest,
And the world is holy ground.



## Daily Service.

One day telleth another.—*Psalter.*

1.

When the gorgeous day begins
  In the world's remotest East,
And the sun his pathway wins,
  Bringing back some glorious feast;
There, forestalling fears and sins,
  Kneels the faithful English priest:
There the altar glitters fair,
Spread for Eucharistic prayer.

2.

And as each meridian line,
  Gains the travelled sun, that day,
Still begin those rites divine,
  Still new priests begin to pray;

Still are blest the bread and wine,
Still one prayer salutes his ray:
Continent and ocean round
Rolls the tided wave of sound!

3.

Then at last the prairied West
Sees the festal light appear,
And Nashotah's clerks, from rest,
Early rise, their song to rear;
Gird they then the snowy vest,
Raise they then the anthem clear;
Anthems in the East that rose,
Girded earth—and there must close.

4.

But when, there, the holy light
Fades adown their West afar,
And begins the vesper rite,
Faithful as the vesper star,
Then—just then—has passed the night,
Where our eastern altars are;
And another daylight fair
Wakes a new earth-girding prayer.

5.

Brethren of the West—my soul
Oft, to you, will westward wing,
When some hymn ascendeth whole
At the hour of offering,
Thinking how 'twill onward roll
Till your voice the same shall sing;
Uttered o'er and o'er agen,
Till ye give the last Amen.

6.

That same hymn, ere I have sung,
Has been sung in England's fanes,
And perchance, in barbarous tongue,
'Mid the orient hills and plains;
And—to die the woods among,
Swells, from aisles and tinted panes,
To the forest's solemn cells,
Where the roving red-man dwells.

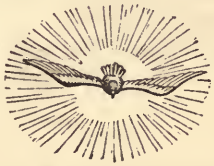
7.

Moves my spirit at the thought
That our service, Anglican,
From the faithful Isle, hath caught
Thus, the many hearts of man;

For this sign our GOD hath wrought,
'Gainst the heartless Roman's ban;
Seal of life, and fire divine,
Mother, in those words of Thine!

8.

One—in water sanctified,
Though the claim be long forgot;
One—in blood from JESUS' side,
Though proud Trent confess it not;
One—in Spirit, far and wide,
With each ancient part and lot;
Mother, let me ever be
One with CHRIST and one with Thee!



## Christmas Carol.

1.

Carol, carol, Christians,
Carol joyfully;
Carol for the coming
Of Christ's Nativity;
And pray a gladsome Christmas
For all good Christian men;
Carol, carol, Christians,
For Christmas, come again.
Carol, carol.

2.

Go ye to the forest,
Where the myrtles grow,
Where the pine and laurel
Bend beneath the snow:

Gather them for JESUS;
Wreathe them for His shrine;
Make His temple glorious
With the box and pine.
Carol, carol.

3.

Wreathe your Christmas garland,
Where to CHRIST we pray;
It shall smell like Carmel
On our festal day;
Libanus and Sharon
Shall not greener be,
Than our holy chancel
On CHRIST'S Nativity.
Carol, carol.

4.

Carol, carol, Christians!
Like the Magi now,
Ye must lade your caskets
With a grateful vow:

Ye must have sweet incense,
Myrrh, and finest gold,
At our Christmas altar,
Humbly to unfold.
Carol, carol.

5.

Blow, blow up the trumpet,
For our solemn feast;
Gird thine armour, Christian,
Wear thy surplice, priest!
Go ye to the altar,
Pray, with fervour pray,
For JESUS' second coming,
And the Latter Day.
Carol, carol.

6.

Give us grace, oh Saviour,
To put off in might,
Deeds and dreams of darkness,
For the robes of light!

And to live as lowly,
As Thyself with men;
So to rise in glory,
When Thou com'st again.
Carol, carol.

## Christening.

1.

Oh, if there be a sight, on earth,
That makes good angels smile,
'Tis when a soul of mortal birth
Is washed from mortal guile:

2.

When some repentant child of Eve's,
In age, is born anew:
Or when, on life's first buds and leaves,
Falls the baptismal dew.

3.

But all the same! The soul that, in
That laver undefiled,
Is truly washed from wrath and sin,
Must be a little child.

4.

Children alone that grace may claim,
Whether, to babes, be given,
Or to the childlike heart, the name
Of all the sons of Heaven!

5.

See, then, the font, the church's door,
The group with gladsome look,
The waters, and the priest to pour,
The sponsors, and the book!

6.

What light is on all faces, now,
As low they bend to pray!
How kindly on the grandsire's brow
Each furrow smoothes away!

7.

How fond the pale young mother's eye
Lights up, with tearful charm,
To see her babe enfolded lie
Upon the surpliced arm!

8.

And he, of innocence, that wears
That sign and spotless vest,
How Shepherd-like! Like Him that bears
The lambkin in His breast!

9.

But hark! the tiny Christian's name!
Hush! 'Tis the Mystic Trine!
The Water and the SPIRIT came,
And, there, is life divine!

10.

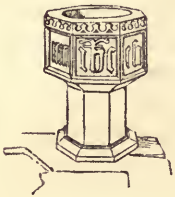
The Cross is signed—mysterious seal
Of death our life that won:
And CHRIST's dear spouse, for woe or weal,
Hath borne her Lord a son.

11.

For woe or weal! The grafted shoot,
Alas! may fade and die;
Though long the fatness of the Root
This shower of grace supply!

12.

But, JESU ! take Thy child from earth
Ere sense and guile begin,
If, only so, this second birth
May 'scape the death of sin.



## The Calendar.

1.

My Prayer-book is a casket bright,
With gold and incense stored,
Which, every day, and every night,
I open to the Lord:
Yet when I first unclasp its lids,
I find a bunch of myrrh
Embalming all our mortal life;
The Church's Calendar.

2.

But who would see an almanac
When opes his Book of Prayer;
Of all the leaves between its lids,
These, only, are not fair!

So said I, in my thoughtless years,
But now, with awe, I scan
The Calendar, like Sybil leaves
That tell the life of Man.

3.

God set the sun and moon for signs:
The Church His signs doth know,
And here—while sleeps the sluggish world,
She marks them as they go.
Here for His coming looks she forth
As, for her Spouse, the bride;
Here, at her lattice, faithfully
She waits the morning-tide.

4.

All time is hers, and, at its end,
Her Lord shall come with more:
As one for whom all time was made,
Thus guardeth she her store;
And, doating o'er her letters old,
As pores the wife bereft,
Thus daily reads the Bride of Christ
Each message He hath left.

5.

As prisoners notch their tally-stick,
And wait the far-off day,
So marks she days, and months, and years,
To ponder and to pray;
And year by year beginning new
Her faithful task sublime,
How lovingly she meteth out
Each portion in its time!

6.

This little index of thy life,
Thou, all thy life, shalt find
So teaching thee to tell thy days,
That wisdom thou mayst mind.
Oh live thou by the Calendar;
And when each morn you kneel,
Note how the numbered days go by,
Like spokes in Time's swift wheel.

7.

With this thy closet seek; and learn
What strengthening word to-day
From out the Holy Book of God
Our Mother would display;

And know thy prayers go up on high,
With thousands that, unknown,
Are lighted at the self-same fire,
And mingle at God's throne.

8.

For so—though severed far on earth—
Together we are fed;
And onward, though we see it not,
Together we are sped!
Oh live ye by the Calendar,
And with the good ye dwell;
The Spirit that comes down on them
Shall lighten you as well.

# The Soul-Dirge.

Then said Jesus, Will ye also go away?—*St. John.*

1.

The organ played sweet music
  Whileas, on Easter-day,
All heartless from the altar,
  The heedless went away:
And down the broad aisle crowding,
  They seemed a funeral train,
That were burying their spirits
  To the music of that strain.

2.

As I listened to the organ,
  And saw them crowd along,
I thought I heard two voices,
  Speaking strangely, but not strong;

And one, it whispered sadly,
  Will ye also go away?
But the other spoke exulting,
  Ha! the soul-dirge,—hear it play!

3.

Hear the soul-dirge! hear the soul-dirge!
  And see the feast divine!
Ha! the jewels of salvation,
  And the trampling feet of swine!
Hear the soul-dirge! hear the soul-dirge!
  Little think they, as they go,
What priceless pearls they tread on,
  Who spurn their SAVIOUR so!

4.

Hear the soul-dirge! hear the soul-dirge!
  It was dread to hear it play,
While the famishing went crowding
  From the Bread of Life away:
They were bidden, they were bidden
  To their Father's festal board;
But they all, with gleeful faces,
  Turned their back upon the Lord.

5.

You had thought the church a prison,
Had you seen how they did pour,
With giddy, giddy faces,
From the consecrated door.
There was angels' food all ready,
But the bidden—where were they?
O'er the highways and the hedges,
Ere the soul-dirge ceased to play!

6.

Oh, the soul-dirge, how it echoed
The emptied aisles along,
As the open street grew crowded
With the full outpouring throng!
And then—again the voices;
Ha! the soul-dirge! hear it play!
And the pensive, pensive whisper,
Will ye also go away?

7.

Few, few were they that lingered
To sup with Jesus there;
And yet, for all that spurned Him,
There was plenty, and to spare!

And now, the food of angels
Uncovered to my sight,
All-glorious was the altar,
And the chalice glittered bright.

8.

Then came the hymn TRISAGION,
And rapt me up on high,
With angels and archangels
To laud and magnify.
I seemed to feast in Heaven;
And downward wafted then,
With angels chaunting round me,
Good-will and peace to men.

9.

I may not tell the rapture
Of a banquet so divine;
Ho! every one that thirsteth,
Let him taste the bread and wine!
Hear the Bride and Spirit saying,
Will ye also go away?
O:—go, poor soul, forever!
Oh! the soul-dirge—hear it play!

## The Church's Daughter.

1.

Oh woman is a tender tree!
The hand must gentle be that rears
Through storm and sunshine, patiently,
That plant of grace, of smiles and tears.

2.

Let her that waters, at the font,
Life's earliest blossoms, have the care;
And where the garden's Lord is wont
To walk His round—oh keep her there.

3.

Who, but her Mother Church, knows well
The deep-hid springs of grief and joy,
That in the heart of woman swell,
And make that heart—or else destroy?

4.

Who, but the Church, can every power
Of the true woman nurse to life,
Till, fit for every changeful hour,
Is seen the maiden—woman—wife!

5.

'Tis not alone the radiant face,
And some accomplished gifts, that shine;
The harmony of every grace
Is nurtured by her care divine.

6.

She—not the coy and bashful art,
But all the instinct of the pure,
The virgin soul—the angel heart,
Alone is mindful to mature.

7.

E'en like the first warm sun of May,
Or, to the daisy, April showers,
Her earliest lesson—how to pray,
Clothes the young soul with fragrant flowers.

8.

Then, planted by the altar's pale,
The Church, with catechising art,
Trains to the chancel's trellised rail
The wandering tendrils of the heart.

9.

And when before the mitred priest
She bids, at length, her daughter kneel,
What lavished gifts of grace increased
Shine from her dear Redeemer's seal!

10.

Or when, her snowy veil beneath,
She stands a pale and fearful thing,
And, trembling like her orange-wreath,
Gives her fair finger to the ring;

11.

When manly honour makes her bride,
In God's own name, Triune and dread,
And, from the holy altar's side,
Another blessing crowns her head;

12.

See how the Church's care, for her,
Hath done the jealous parent's part,
And been to him a monitor
To whom she gives her daughter's heart.

13.

Nor shall she e'er desert, through life,
Through fearful life, that daughter's side,
But ever, o'er the wedded wife,
Bend fond, as o'er the kneeling bride.

14.

When the pale mother clasps her child,
And pats her darling to its rest,
Or sinks to slumbers undefiled,
Her bride-ring shining o'er her breast;

15.

Again, to hallow that pure joy,
Comes Holy Church and tells her, then,
Of Mary and the Holy Boy;
And claims the turtle-doves agen.

16.

Or if, within the darkened room,
The trail of death be sweeping slow,
The Church that taught her unto whom,
Shall teach her, too, the way to go.

17.

Then spreads she, there, an altar lone;
Her priest, to bless and break, is there,
And angels, radiant from the throne,
Come winging round the scene of prayer.

18.

So points the Church to Paradise,
And bids, in peace, her child depart;
Then shuts to earth the blessed eyes,
And binds with balm each bleeding heart.

19.

Then roses pale, and rose-marine,
She scatters o'er the marble dust;
And at the last heart-rending scene,
As earth takes back its precious trust;

20.

From the deep grave she lifts the eye,
  Where the free spirit wings hath found ;
And leaves her child's mortality,
  To rise an angel from the ground.

## I love the Church.

1.

I LOVE the Church,—the holy Church,
The Saviour's spotless bride;
And oh, I love her palaces
Through all the land so wide!
The cross-topped spire amid the trees,
The holy bell of prayer:
The Music of our Mother's voice,
Our Mother's home is there.

2.

The village tower—'tis joy to me:
I cry the LORD is here!
The village bells—they fill my soul:
They more than fill mine ear!

O'er kingdoms to the Saviour won,
Their triumph-peal is hurled;
Their sound is now in all the earth,
Their words throughout the world.

3.

And here—eternal ocean crossed,
And long, long ages past;
In climes beyond the setting sun,
They preach the LORD at last;
And here, Redeemer, are Thy priests
Unbroken in array,
Far from Thine Holy Sepulchre,
And Thine Ascension-day!

4.

Unbroken in their lineage:
Their warrants clear as when
Thou, Saviour, didst go up on high,
And give good gifts to men;
Here, clothed in innocence they stand,
To shed Thy mercy wide,
Baptizing to the Trinal Name,
With waters from Thy side.

5.

And here, confessors of Thy cross,
Thine holy orders three,
The bishop, and the elders too,
And lowly deacons be;
To rule and feed the flock of CHRIST,
To fight, of faith, the strife,
And to the host of GOD's Elect,
To break the Bread of Life.

6.

Here rises, with the rising morn,
Their incense unto Thee,
Their bold confession Catholic,
And high doxology:
Soul-melting litany is here,
And here—each holy feast,
Up to the altar, duly spread,
Ascends the stoled priest.

7.

Then with the message of our King,
The herald stands on high:
How beautiful the feet of them
That on the mountain cry!

And then—as when the doors were shut,
With JESUS left alone,
The faithful sup with CHRIST—and He
In breaking bread is known.

8.

And kneeling at the altar's rail,
With blessings all divine,
As from the Saviour's hand, they take
The broken bread, and wine;
In one communion with the saints,
With angels and the blest,
And looking for the blessed hope
Of an eternal rest.

9.

The peace of GOD is on their heads;
And so they wend away,
To homes all cheerful with the light,
Of love's inspiring ray:
And through the churchyard and the graves,
With kindly tears they fare,
Where every turf was decent laid,
And hallowed by a prayer.

10.

The dead in CHRIST—they rest in hope;
And o'er their sleep sublime,
The shadow of the steeple moves,
From morn to vesper-chime:
On every mound, in solemn shade,
Its imaged cross doth lie,
As goes the sunlight to the west
Or rides the moon on high.

11.

I love the Church—the holy Church,
That o'er our life presides,
The birth, the bridal, and the grave,
And many an hour besides!
Be mine, through life, to live in her,
And when the LORD shall call,
To die in her—the spouse of CHRIST,
The Mother of us all.

# NOTES.

## PREFATORY NOTE.

The Christian Ballads were originally contributed to the Churchman in 1839. Several of them were soon republished in England, and then again circulated in America, credited to the English periodicals which had borrowed them; when, as they seemed to enjoy some favour, they were collected, and published at New York, in the following year.

The following are the ballads which were contained in the first edition: St. Sacrament; Hymn of Boyhood; Antioch; Chronicles; Desolations; Churchyards; Trinity, Old Church; England; Chelsea; Vigils; Matin-Bells; The Chimes of England; Wildminster; Dreamland; Carol; Lament; St. Silvan's Bell; and I love the Church.

The additional ballads which appear in the present edition, have, with a few exceptions, been written since 1840; and the others are given with some additions and amendments.

## I.

### St. Sacrament.

Lake George—the most beautiful sheet of water in the state of New York—was called *Horicon* by the Aborigines; but by the French missionaries was named *St. Sacrément*, because they deemed its waters too pure for anything but the holy Sacrament of Baptism, and are said to have sent specimens to France, to be used for that purpose. The Royal American army gave the lake its popular name in compliment to the reigning sovereign, and as a token of their attachment to the house of Hanover.

The visit commemorated in the ballad was made in the summer of 1839.

Page 7.—*The Bloody Pond.* A dark looking, little, circular pond, near the southern extremity of the lake, is so called from its having been the receptacle of the bodies of the English and Americans, who were massacred by the Indians, after the capitulation of Fort William Henry, in the old French war.

Page 7.—*Fort George.* The ruins of this fort are yet in preservation; but of Fort William Henry nothing but mounds and embankments remain.

Page 11.—*Katydid.* A beautiful American insect, whose note is very prominent in the autumnal evening music of American landscapes. It is a delicate kind of grasshopper, and its colour is a beautiful pea-green.

Its name is derived from its note, which it incessantly repeats, *katy-did, katy-did,* to the great amusement of listening children.

Page 11.—*Sachems.* Some of my readers may not know that such is the aboriginal term for the Indian chiefs.

Page 12.—*Emerald islets.* The surface of the lake is broken by innumerable little islands, some of them but a few feet in diameter, which look as if they merely floated on the water. You are told by the boatmen, who row you about, that the islands are just one for every day in the year: an assertion which I cannot dispute.

Page 13.—*Distant Thung.* This fine mountain, which some call Tongue mountain, is the limit of one's view to the northward, from the walls of Fort George.

Page 14.—*Its brimming urn.* Lake George may well be called an overflowing basin, for its outlet is a rapid and descending stream, which, after making a succession of beautiful waterfalls, finds its way into Lake Champlain.

Page 15.—*Cleveland.* I hope to be pardoned for introducing the name of a collateral relative, who served in the old French war, and afterwards became General Cleveland, and bequeathed his name to a flourishing city in Ohio, which he himself laid out in 1796, when there was not a single white inhabitant in that part of the territory. Forty years after, when it was incorporated as a city, its annual exports were

valued at six millions of dollars. The family name was originally brought to America by Moyses Cleveland, of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, England, who settled in the colony of Massachusetts in the memorable year 1648-9.

Page 15.—*Monroe.* This name, with those of Montcalm and Uncas, is familiar to all readers, from that beautiful romance of Mr. Cooper, The Last of the Mohicans.

Page 20.—*St. Sacrament for aye.* As a similarity may be observed between this passage and another in the New York Review for October, 1839, it may be proper to state, that the ballad and the article which contains the latter, are by the same writer. It is not intended here to express any high estimate of the French Missions among these savages. In general, they merely changed the superstitions of the barbarians, without improving their moral or social condition.

## II.

## Antioch.

The principle, asserted in this ballad, is simply the primitive and Catholic one, of the apostolical succession. Those who would see it discussed are recommended to the celebrated Letters of Law (author of the *Serious Call*) to Hoadley, the notorious bishop of Bangor; or to a tract, upon the Qualifications for administering the Sacraments, by Leslie; to whose

famous "Short method with a Deist," it is appended, in all genuine editions. As to the historical fact of the Succession, the useful work of Mr. Chapin, on the Primitive Church, may be consulted; and also the little book of the Hon. and Rev. Arthur Perceval.

Page 25.—*Ordained of God.* So also CHRIST glorified not Himself to be made an High-priest. *Hebrews* v. 5.

Page 25.—*As God had sent the Son.* As My Father hath sent Me, even so send I you. And when He had said this, He breathed on them, and saith unto them, Receive ye the HOLY GHOST, &c. *St. John* xx. 21.

All power is given unto Me in heaven and earth: Go ye therefore, &c. *St. Matthew* xxxviii. 18.

Page 26.—*How Korah, &c.* Compare *Numbers* xvi. with 2 *Peter* ii. and *the Epistle of St. Jude.*

If the sin of Korah is one which can be committed under the Christian dispensation, it follows that there must be a legitimate priesthood, against which it is sinful to rebel; and, by a comparison of Hebrew and Christian orders, it will be seen, that Korah was a deacon, who, despising his bishop, usurped the functions of a priest. This interpretation was forcibly urged by the Reverend John Wesley, against those of his own society who undertook, against his entreaties, to administer the Sacraments; as may be seen in his sermon, written about a year before his decease, and published in the Arminian Magazine in 1790.

Page 26.—*My Saviour's earnest prayer.* That they all may be one; as Thou, Father, art in Me, and I in Thee, that they also may be one in us; *that the world may believe that Thou hast sent Me.* St. John xvii. 21.

It is observable that the conversion of the world is here connected with Christian unity. The breach of unity is, by inference, connected with a scandal to the cause of Truth. So then St. Peter, speaking of schismatics, says—"by reason of whom *the way of truth shall be evil spoken of.*" (2 Peter ii. 1, 2.) Again he says that these schismatics "shall privily bring in damnable heresies, *even denying the Lord that bought them.*" The unsettling of men's minds, and final apostasy, was to be the consequence, then, of departure from the apostolical ministry. Let history be the comment. In Geneva, where the presbyterian schism was instituted by Calvin, we find that the whole sect, in the time of Voltaire, had privily lapsed into Socinian deism, *denying the Lord that bought them.* The presbyterians of England have so universally lapsed into the same heresy, that the "Dissenters' Chapels' Bill" has been passed, within the last few years, to allow them to retain the property which they received as Calvinists. The puritans of Massachusetts have in like manner lapsed from the strictest Calvinism into the coldest Socinianism, as is sufficiently notorious, from the writings of their most eminent preachers. In all these instances has Scripture been fulfilled by *the privy bringing in of the heresy which denies the Lord that bought us.* And let earnest-minded persons con-

sider, whether schisms, thus universally running to seed in the most heathenizing of heresies, can possibly have been the planting of the Lord.

Page 27.—*It never failed.* For the historical fact, see the works which I have before commended, in these notes. For Scripture-proof take the following line of argument.

It is evident that our blessed Lord ordained the Apostles. It is evident that they ordained others; as, for instance, Timotheus and Titus. It is evident that these were commanded to ordain others: and that thus the succession was handed into the second century. Now can it be possible it was to stop there, when our Saviour had said to the Apostles, "Lo! I am with you always, *even unto the end of the world?*"

The gift of apostleship was in Timothy *by the putting on of St. Paul's hands.* (2 Tim. i. 6.) It is plain that the same gift, or a share in it, was to be imparted to others in the same way, by Timothy; who is not only told what kind of persons to ordain, but cautioned to "*lay hands* suddenly on no man." (1 Tim. v. 20.) Where would be the importance of this caution, if *without the laying on of his hands,* any one in Ephesus might have been a valid minister of CHRIST!

The argument, in the case of Titus, Bishop of Crete, is equally conclusive.

To this, add the unanimous testimony of the primitive age; and even the consent of the reformed, until many of them became a party to their own opinion,

and denied the apostolical succession from personal feeling.

## III.

## Dreamland.

This little ballad is intended as a playful reproof of those who, in many places, misrepresent the Church, by neglecting the decorum and decency which her standards require. It is the misfortune of the American Church to have many nominal members, who bring disgrace upon her, by cold formality on the one hand, and a slovenly disregard of her injunctions on the other.

Page 31.—*Had flowers and wreaths.* This practice, once of ordinary occurrence in England, is thus explained by that true-hearted Churchman, John Evelyn, in his Sylva: "We adorn their graves with flowers, and redolent plants, just emblems of the life of man, which has been compared in Holy Scriptures to those fading beauties, whose roots being buried in dishonour, rise again in glory."

Page 32.—*Do lowly bow.* The humble bowing of the head at the adorable and saving name of Jesus, is intended as a confession of the glorious doctrine of St. Paul, in Philippians ii. 10. It is the design of this stanza, simply to censure the irreverent foppery with

which some reduce this edifying act of faith to a mere formality.

Page 33.—*Clothe their heads.* See 1 Corinthians xi. 6, 10. The use of veils, at confirmation, in obedience to the spirit of this passage, is still common in many places. Attention to such matters is, of course, disapproved by the censorious; but as it was the wisdom of the HOLY GHOST to write such a chapter as the eleventh of First Corinthians, it is the wisdom of faith to obey its letter, and carry its spirit into everything of the same kind.

Page 34.—*Angel lullabies.* The consoling text—"I heard a voice from heaven," &c., is sometimes chaunted at the grave, according to the Rubric; and may be said in poetry to *make that slumber good*, which is thus hallowed and blessed.

## IV.

## Carol.

THE decoration of churches and churchyards with evergreens and flowers, and such customs as those of "the Rushbearing," and "Posy Sunday," which are still extant in England, though wholly voluntary, and not ordained by the Church, are, with unprejudiced persons, a beautiful illustration of the faculty by which she invests every good gift of GOD with sacred associations.

The holy George Herbert speaks as follows in his Country Parson. "The country parson is a lover of old customs, if they be good and harmless, and the rather because country people are much addicted to them, so that to favour them therein is to win their hearts, and to oppose them therein is to deject them. If there be any ill in the custom, which may be severed from the good, he pares the apple, and gives them the clean to feed on." Again; "The country parson takes order that the church be swept and kept clean, .... and at great festivals strewed, and stuck with boughs, and perfumed with incense."

So Wordsworth, in his Ecclesiastical Sketches, describes a day among the parishes of Westmoreland, where the village children are accustomed to come forth

> ——————"by rustic music led,
> Through the still churchyard, each with garland gay,
> That carried, sceptre-like, o'er-tops the head
> Of the proud bearer."

It is by such spontaneous and instinctive tributes, precisely such in principle as were ordained in the Old Testament, and accepted in the New, (Nehemiah viii. 15; St. Matthew xxi. 8,) that the beautiful gifts of God are severed from vain and worldly uses, and made to minister to a sanctified taste, in Christians of full years; while, for children, they perform a useful part in making the associations of their religion attractive and lovely.

But while He, who bade us to "consider the lilies,"

will doubtless approve of our employing their glorious clothing, to shew our delight in that *greater Solomon* who created them, we must reflect that we live in a gainsaying and censorious time, and that it is far better that we should deprive ourselves of an innocent gratification, than minister an occasion of stumbling to weak brethren. And though there are those who would complain of Gabriel's censer, and reform the very ritual of Heaven; we must remember that it is a duty not *to let our good be evil spoken of:* and in deference to this injunction, I would be far from advising the restoration of any merely voluntary practice, however innocent, in places where the grievous sins of dissension and evil-speaking would be the only fruits.

## V.

## Lament.

If an humble member of the Church may make a suggestion, ought not our Lenten season to be kept with some reference to the divided state of Christendom? In our own land, we find eminently lovely characters often arrayed against what *we know* is the Church—the body of our blessed Lord and Saviour, Christ. The circumstances of this country's original settlement were such as to favour and strengthen a growth of ignorance on this subject, heretofore unparalleled in the

Christian world; and through influences of education and accidental prejudice, there are hundreds of pious and gentle spirits wandering from their true mother, and knowing nothing of her. For such we have only one resource, but that is the best—even prayer. The most clear and convincing argument fails when directed against their seven-fold armour of pre-judgment or indifference. But prayer may enlist Him in their behalf, Who pierceth the joints of the harness. At least it will help ourselves: for to be true Catholic Christians in our land and day, we need not only the boldness of Paul, and the ardour of Peter, but more than all, the meekness and long-suffering of our blessed Lord Himself. If we were partizans, we might be angry at unwarrantable opposition: if we were striving for earthly things, we might abandon to the chilly arms of their desolate systems those who answer us with railing accusation. But we are their servants and strive for *their* benefit—not for our own. We would fain see all Christians blest with us, in the Catholic fold of Christ; and when was there ever advice so appropriate as that of an old apostle to a primitive bishop!—"And the servant of God must not strive; but be gentle unto all men; apt to teach; patient; in meekness instructing those that oppose themselves; if God peradventure will give them repentance, to the acknowledging of the Truth."

## VI.

### England.

In this ballad, such feelings towards the mother-country are expressed, as I am happy to believe, not personal to myself, but common to nearly all educated and liberal-minded Americans.

Page 54.—*Balliol men.* Perhaps I should rather have apostrophised the Men of Belial, than the respectable society named in the text; but a college that once had such a man as Southey for a member, can afford to bear a little responsibility for his juvenile Jacobinism. The apostrophe was suggested by his mean little poem on "the Chapel Bell," written in 1793. The young *pantisocrat* seems to have had a peculiar spite against that bell, as another of his poems begins with the hemistich, "Toll on, toll on, old bell!"

Page 55.—*Quiet Corpus.* I have an impression that Corpus must be a quiet place for a moderate reading man, not over studious, and fond of conversation. What can be got from books and pictures gives an American this impression; but I know nothing about it, and am very likely wide of the mark.

## VII.

## Chronicles.

This ballad is a history of the apostolic commission in England from the first century to the Restoration.

Page 62.—*Altars all as spotless.* This refers to the early British Church in its original independence, purity, and poverty; before the conversion of the Saxons by St. Augustine, A.D. 596.

Page 62.—*Oh, wo! the hour.* Not the hour of Augustine's mission and patriarchate; for he was sent to convert the Saxons by the good and great Gregory, who abhorred the idea of a supremacy; but the hour *when the pall was imposed,* with an oath of subjection, in the days of William Rufus, against every principle of apostolical precedent and canon law.

Page 63.—*To chase away the tyrant.* The English Reformation was no revolution. It merely threw off the usurped supremacy of the bishop of Rome, and restored the Church to her primitive purity and independence; rejecting whatever was papal, but carefully retaining all that was apostolical.

Thus it differed essentially from the Continental Reformation; with which we have no concern, except to deplore it as a miserable failure. It is only an artifice of papists to confound the Anglican Reformation with the Lutheran schism; for while they are

powerless against the former, they are mighty in exposing the latter, and it is easier to make the ignorant believe that the two are one and the same thing, than it is to face the direct question—*in what essential point does the Anglican Church now differ from the Church of the apostolic age.*

It is another artifice of the papists to discuss the character of Henry VIII. instead of shewing *in what particular the Anglican Church departed from Catholic doctrine and discipline, during the reign of that tyrant.* As for Henry, it may be conceded that he was nearly as bad as some of the popes; and that the vices of both paved the way for the Church's restoration to primitive purity. So did the adultery of Ahasuerus save the Hebrew Church from Haman; and the lawfulness of Katharine's divorce has as little to do with present issues as the repudiation of Queen Vashti. A political quarrel, indeed, gave opportunity for the restoration of the English patriarchate to its original independence; but its reformers were its own bishops; and, like the primitive apostles, they sealed their work with their blood.

Page 64.—*A nation shouteth round.* For the first twelve years of Elizabeth, the papists themselves frequented the sacraments and ministry of the ancient Church of England; shewing that in nothing had its identity been lost, or its Catholicity impaired, even in their estimation. During that period two popes had offered to receive and approve the Common Prayer, if the Queen would but consent to the papal

supremacy—so that, even in their judgment, the Church had forfeited nothing essential to Catholicity, by translating and reforming her worship. Thus, till 1569, when Pius V. forced those Englishmen who were in favour of his supremacy to become recusants, there was in England *one* pure and undivided Church, which, but for the Romish and Puritan schisms, which soon followed, would have become the joy of the whole earth, for beauty and primitive completeness. The recusancy of 1569 was the origin of the Papal sect in England, which has no thread of connexion with the ancient Church of England; and owes its existence, as well as its creed, to the novelties of the pseudo-council of Trent.

Page 65.—*Children of her bosom.* Having successfully, but with great tribulation, survived the persecutions of Rome, the poor Church of England was next called to suffer for the testimony of GOD'S truth at the hands of rebellious sons. It is impossible for one with anything that is generous in his bosom, to behold her, in this new emergency, without veneration and awe; whether she be considered in her individual confessors, harassed by a popular outbreak, which confounded all ranks in ruin, and overwhelmed alike the primate, the premier, and the prince; or whether she be regarded as a venerable mother, sitting in her own house in sackcloth, and baring her breast to the blows of the children of her bowels.

Page 65.—*A prince's fall.* Under the first Stuart, the Church of England had begun to be under-

stood by the states of the Continent; and she was fast securing the admiration and *imitation* of foreign Churches, when the violence of the Puritans plunged both Church and State into abject misery and contempt. James left to his son a legacy of mischief; but both the filial and the personal piety of Charles disqualified him for a true appreciation of his difficulties. The abuses of the State were not of his making; those of the Church, he was zealous to reform by the primitive pattern. He was fast gathering around him that noble company of divines who now illustrate the misfortunes, as he designed that they should the glories of his reign. With such a generation of bishops, it is a painfully pleasing thing to fancy what the Church of England would have been under a pious and enlightened prince, who loved letters, encouraged the arts, delighted in men of learning, was a pattern of domestic virtue, and lacked nothing but a considerate and well-affected people, to exhibit to the world the model of Empire,—a kingdom which was but a family. But England was cursed with Pyms and Cromwells; and became the frantic populace, that required a master instead of a father: and thus was lost the golden opportunity. But Charles the First remains the only king of England, since the accession of his family, for whose character it is possible to feel an enthusiasm, and for whose faults there exists the plenary apology, that they were the results, and not the causes, of a popular spirit of rebellion.

Page 66.—*The blessed martyrs.* As the Martyrs

of the Marian times were the reformers of the Church, so the murderers of Laud and King Charles, and the barbarous persecutors of such men as Jeremy Taylor, were the authors of Dissent. Suppose then, the court was corrupt: so it was in the days of Nero, when the SPIRIT of GOD wrote the commandment, "Honour the King." Or suppose some of the clergy were depraved: so was it when our Saviour said, "The Scribes and Pharisees sit in Moses' seat; all therefore whatsoever they bid you observe, *that observe and do.*" Or suppose Laud had superstitions—so had Cotton Mather. Or suppose he cropped Prynne's ears; so did St. Peter the ear of Malchus; and New England's own Cotton Mather burned witches, and tortured Quakers. Yet Laud is a papist, forsooth, because he kept vigils and fasts; while the fact that Cotton Mather did the same, is always adduced to shew that in spite of infirmities he was a saint. But this is only retort against cavil; and good only to disarm prejudice. Let the candid enquirer read Dr. Southey's Book of the Church, from beginning to end; and compare it with such books as Le Bas' Life of Laud, Sir Thomas Herbert's Two last years of Charles, and Dr. Wordsworth's Theophilus Anglicanus.

Page 67.—*The noble in the cottage.* Sir Walter Scott has beautifully introduced this fact into his fine fiction, the story of Woodstock; where Alice Lee and Dr. Rochecliffe at their devotions are so beautifully pourtrayed.

Page 68.—*Their Psalter.* See Psalm lxxiv. 5—10,

20—24. Hearing it read one Sunday during divine service, at St. Mark's in-the-Bowery, suggested these verses.

Page 70.—*Daughter.* Every American bishop, priest, and deacon, derives his ordination from the Apostles, through the Church of England. See Perceval on the Apostolic Succession.

Bishops White and Madison, from whom (with Bp. Provoost) all our clergy have descended, were consecrated at Lambeth, Feb. 4, 1787; and landed in the New World on Easter-day succeeding, to begin a succession which already has its representatives at the antipodes.

## VIII.

## Scotland.

THE melancholy religious condition of Scotland at the present time is the best comment on the injury which was done to that kingdom by the destruction of her ancient establishment, under the dull usurper of Orange. It is to me a strange thing, that the Scottish writers, who have lately shed such glory upon their country, and many of whom have been attached to the Church of England, should have had so little to say of this great national outrage. I know there is

an impression, that the establishment of the Kirk was the unanimous voice of the Scottish people. But such is not the case: as is well known to those who have looked into the matter. In a collection of letters on the Scottish Church, printed in London in 1690, says Mr. Sage, afterwards a Scottish bishop, "I can affirm with a well-grounded assurance, that if by the people you mean the Commonalty . . . the *third man*, throughout the whole kingdom, is not presbyterian: and if, by the people, you mean those who are persons of quality and education, I dare boldly say not the *thirteenth*." And even, at the present day—if I may trust an article in Blackwood's attributed to Professor Wilson—the following is a just account of things. "The greater part of the Scotch aristocracy and landed men (the infinitely greater part of them), are not members of the Kirk of Scotland at all. They are, as all their forefathers were, episcopalians. They yield, as their ancestors did, to the voice of the majority of the gross population." See *Noctes Ambrosianæ*.

Page 78.—*Shall flout them.* For a very graphic description of the poor appearance which the Kirk makes in Glasgow Cathedral, and some fine remarks thereon, see "Peter's Letters," (No. lxvii.) by Lockhart.

Page 78.—*And shame the Church, &c.* The American Church owes its episcopate to the persecuted and almost extinguished Church of Scotland; which not only gave to America her first bishop in the person of Seabury, but by so doing was the means of securing

the Lambeth consecrations, with which that from Scotland was united. (See Bp. Wilberforce's American Church, page 194.) Thus she may be said to have put her more flourishing sister to shame.

Page 79.—*The fishwife's voice.* The story of Jenny Geddes, and her exploit in the High Church of St. Giles', Edinburgh, (July 23, 1637,) is probably familiar to my reader, but may be found in the Tales of a Grandfather, Second Series.

Page 79.—*Braes of Ross.* The old see of Ross has once more a bishop.

Page 80.—*The Moray Shepherd.* No Scottish bishop is more venerated in America than the late good Bishop of Moray (Dr. Jolly), who should have been buried in Elgin Cathedral, where many of his predecessors lie entombed.

Page 80.—*Glenalmond.* The founding of Trinity College, near Perth, is hailed by the friends of the Church of Scotland as an earnest of better days at hand.

Page 81.—*Scotland's altar service.* The Scotch Liturgy is not only more perfect and primitive than the Latin Missal, but is also far less in accordance with the Romish doctrine than the English Liturgy, which regards the consecration as concluded by a repetition of the words of Institution, without the invocation of the Spirit. In America, where the Scottish Liturgy has been followed without a whisper of disapprobation, it is earnestly hoped that the Scottish Church will never surrender its distinctive glory for

any suggestions of expediency, or threats of vengeance, from parties whose influence is as ephemeral as their opinions are ignorant and contracted.

## IX.

## Seabury's Mitre.

Samuel Seabury, Bishop of Connecticut, and first Bishop of the American Church, was consecrated at Aberdeen, in Scotland, November 14, 1784. He died Feb. 25, 1796.

Learning that the mitre worn by Bishop Seabury in his episcopal ministrations was yet in existence, I had the curiosity to obtain it, through the Rev. Dr. Seabury, of New York, and placed it in the Library of Trinity College, with an appropriate Latin inscription. An aged presbyter, the Rev. Isaac Jones, of Lichfield, came into the Library, on commencement-day, 1847, and betraying some emotion at the sight, I said to him, "You probably have seen that mitre on Seabury's head." He answered, "Yes; in 1785, at the first ordination in this country, I saw him, wearing his scarlet hood and that mitre; and though I was then a dissenter, his stately figure and solemn manner impressed me very much. He was a remarkable-looking man."

Page 83.—*Crown of thorn.* The mitre is of black satin, adorned with gold-thread needlework. The Cross is embroidered on the front; and on the reverse, a truly significant emblem, the crown of thorns.

Page 84 *Her old Regalia.* The discovery of the ancient Regalia of Scotland in 1817, was the subject of great national enthusiasm: and the royal jewels are now preserved in the castle of Edinburgh, as symbols of the independence of the kingdom.

## X.

## Rustic Churches.

The folly of ambitious architectural attempts in brick and mortar, in our rural parishes, has reigned too widely, and involved too much waste, to be considered a trifling evil. The parish-church described in the text was designed on the principle of reality; and was intended to shew that propriety, and even taste, may be gratified with just such resources as any country village possesses in itself. Although making no pretension to accuracy of detail, it is interesting, therefore, as a legitimate rural church, the natural result of catholic principles of architecture contending with want of means, and modified by the peculiarities of American climate and material.

Page 86.—*That hippogriff.* It is not uncommon, in Connecticut, to see a modern Puritan meeting-house built over a row of shops, which may be said to *support it* in a double sense. But the old meeting-house of New England is a genuine symbol of the spirit that reared it; and stands a speaking witness against prelacy and the consecration of churches. Although designed for what are called *town-meetings*, as well as for spiritual uses, there is a kind of respectability about it, as being the honest exponent of its origin; a respectability which vanishes when the modern meeting-house, with its tin-roof and Grecian pillars, is substituted; and which is superseded by vulgar pretension when, as is sometimes the case, its place is supplied by a Gothic structure, with all the external symbols of Liturgy and Episcopacy.

Page 86.—*Pine-wood parody.* Instead of removing the old meeting-house, it is often subjected to the operation of *modernizing;* which consists in giving it a row of Doric columns and a pediment in front. The old steeple is also taken away, and a spruce cupola substituted. With such a heavy frontispiece, the old house in the rear accords very ill. The case is worse when the rear is of red brick. A profile view exhibits a foreground of columns, looking like the legs of a shag-dog, while the rest reminds us of the same dog fantastically shaven in the hinder parts, as is the fashion with fanciers.

Page 87.—*St. Joseph's thorn.* The celebrated Glastonbury thorn, which blooms at Christmas, is fabled to

have been the staff of St. Joseph of Arimathea, when he came into England as a missionary, A.D. 64. In its immediate vicinity stood the earliest British church, described by old Fuller as follows:—

"It had in length sixty feet, and twenty-six in breadth, made of rods, wattled or interwoven. . . . Let not stately modern churches disdain to stoop, with their highest steeples, reverently doing homage to this poor structure as their first platform and precedent. And let their chequered pavements no more disdain this oratory's plain floor, than its thatched covering doth envy their leaden roofs." Eccles. Hist., vol. i. p. 14. London, 1837.

## XI.

## Churchyards.

THE parish of St. George's, Hempstead, is the oldest in the state of New York; and its churchyard, though not a model cemetery, is dear to me as containing the remains of my kinsman, Edward Henry Hyde, sometime a member of the University of New York, and at the time of his death intended for Holy Orders. This ballad was suggested by a moonlight visit to his grave, in 1840.

## XII.

### Trinity, Old Church.

THE removal of the old Trinity Church was a sad sight to many New Yorkers; notwithstanding the proposed splendours of the new church. I had often worshipped in it in my boyhood; and just as its destruction was beginning, had a final opportunity of paying my vows there on my twenty-first anniversary, Friday, May 10, 1839.

Page 97.—*Effigy.* The statue of Bishop Hobart, now in the sacristy of the new church, occupied the place of an altar-piece in the old church.

## XIII.

### Trinity, New Church.

THIS church was consecrated on Ascension-day, 1846, when I had the satisfaction of being present at the solemnities.

Page 103.—*Mould of doctrine.* The original Greek of Romans vi. 17, (as criticised by a venerated kinsman, in familiar conversation,) suggested this expression, which is a literal translation of what our English version renders *form of doctrine.* The whole text is sadly distorted in the authorized translation.

## XIV.

### Oratories.

THE custom here commended has had its examples among the best of men of widely differing piety; and I would instance Herbert, Hooker, and Henry Venn. Even in the dullest days of the eighteenth century, it is gratifying to find Dr. Johnson recommending it on one occasion to his friend Boswell. See Life of Johnson, i. 397. Dublin.

Page 111.—*The Psalmist's cedars.* See Psalm xcii. 11, 12.

## XV.

### Little Woodmere.

HAD the Church, as it is in the English Prayer-book, been allowed its quiet and natural development during the seventeenth century, it would have been found in every English village as I have portrayed it in this ballad. Such Herbert, and Ferrar, and Hooker would have had it; and, in our own days, Bishop Heber.

Page 114.—*When the Litany, &c.* "It was a custom in several churches to toll a bell whilst the

Litany was reading, to give notice to the people that the Communion Service was coming on." Wheatly.

Page 116.—*On the north.* It was the custom of our ancestors to bury outcasts and criminals on the shady side of the church.

## XVI.

## Desolations.

In the diocese of Virginia, such ruins as are here described unhappily abound.

## XVII.

## Chelsea.

The General Theological Seminary of the American Church is situated in that quarter of New York known as Chelsea.

Page 125.—*When old Canute.* See the story in Sharon Turner's Anglo-Saxons. Canute himself composed a ballad upon the occasion, of which a fragment remains.

"Merry sang the monks in Ely,
When Canute the king was sailing by;
Row, ye knights, near the land,
And let us hear the monks' song."

Such is Turner's translation. Wordsworth has a beautiful sonnet on this incident.

## XVIII.

## Vigils.

THE Latin lines at the end of every stanza are the titles of anthems or chants appropriate to the hours.

Page 130.—*Adeste Fideles.* Hither ye faithful.

Page 130.—*Veni Creator.* Come HOLY GHOST: as in the Ordinal.

Page 131.—*Jubilate Deo.* The hundredth Psalm.

Page 131.—*Cum Angelis.* With Angels, &c.: as in the Eucharist.

Page 131.—*Nisi Dominus.* Unless the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain. Psalm cxxvii.

Page 132.—*De Profundis.* Psalm cxxx.

Page 132.—*Kyrie Eleison.* Lord have mercy upon us: as in the Litany.

Page 132.—*Miserere.* Psalm lvii.

Page 133.—*Dies Iræ.* The day of wrath.

Page 133.—*Sursum Corda.* Lift up your hearts: as in the Eucharist.

Page 133.—*Fili David.* Oh! son of David: as in the Litany.

Page 134.—*Veni Jesu.* Come, Lord JESUS.

Page 134.—*Nunc Dimittis.* Lord, now lettest Thou Thy servant depart in peace. The Song of Simeon, St. Luke ii. 29.

## XIX.

## The Curfew.

THE anecdote of William I., which is employed in this ballad, will be found in nearly all English histories. The Curfew-bell, an institution of that monarch, is generally understood.

Page 138.—*New-England village.* So late as the beginning of the present century, the nine-o'clock-bell is said to have been generally obeyed in New England, by the breaking up of company, and the retiring of families.

## XX.

## Nashotah.

At Nashotah, in Wisconsin, a thousand miles from the Atlantic seaboard, is a religious establishment of unmarried missionaries, who live and labour in the spirit of the primitive day. All that is said of it and them in this ballad is literally true.

The founders of this mission (and among them was the dear friend to whom this book is dedicated) were, in 1840, my fellow-students at Chelsea, and Wisconsin was then a wilderness. It is now a Christian diocese, and has a bishop, and twenty-one clergy,—the blessed results, in a great degree, of the self-denying labours of the brethren of Nashotah.

Page 148.—*The Norway rover.* Wisconsin is rapidly filling up with the better class of emigrants from Europe; and the itinerant brothers of Nashotah have under their care settlements of Norwegians, Swedes, Irish, Welsh, English, and Oneida Indians. They have also baptized several Jews.

Page 148.—*The sad Oneida.* Several Oneida Indians are training for Holy Orders at Nashotah; and at the first Diocesan council of Wisconsin, in 1847, there were present several Oneidas, as lay delegates. They had walked two hundred miles to be present, and on the last day had accomplished forty-five miles. One of them spoke in debate; probably

for the first time (says my friend the Rev. Dr. Kip) that an American Indian has been heard in the councils of the Church.

## XXI.

### St. Silvan's Bell.

When this ballad was written, it was a mere fiction. The Nashotah missionaries have since erected a church, by the name of St. Silvanus, and it can hardly be doubted that the effects anticipated in the ballad have resulted in some degree.

## XXII.

### The Church's Daughter.

In this ballad I feel that I have very imperfectly expressed what, nevertheless, I may have sufficiently suggested,—a conviction that, in the formation of female character, the Church's system, if faithfully carried out, naturally developes that harmony of graces which her Creator designed for woman, as the companion and minister of man.

Page 151.—*Rose-marine.* I have taken a quaint sort of license with the botanical name of the flower rosemary, *(rosmarinus,)* which has no reference to the rose at all, but is similar in sound. I judge it not out of place in a ballad. The custom of using rosemary at funerals is thus explained by Wheatly, on the Common Prayer:—

"To express their hopes that their friend is not lost for ever, each person in the company usually bears in his hand a sprig of rosemary; a custom which seems to have taken its rise from a practice among the heathens, of a quite different import. For they have no thought of a future resurrection, but believing that the bodies of those that were dead would for ever lie in the grave, made use of cypress at their funerals, which is a tree that being once cut never revives, but dies away. But Christians, on the other side, having better hopes, and knowing that this very body of their friend, which they are now going solemnly to commit to the grave, shall one day rise again, and be reunited to his soul, instead of cypress, distribute rosemary to the company, which being always green, and flourishing the more for being cropt, (and of which a sprig only being set in the ground, will sprout up immediately and branch into a tree,) is more proper to express their confidence and trust."

## XXIII.

### I love the Church.

I AM not ashamed to confess that I have a passion for the BEAUTY OF HOLINESS, as exemplified in the Liturgy and Offices of the Church; and if this book of ballads shall serve to impress the humblest Christian with a deeper love for his high and glorious privileges in this life, and with a more ardent longing for his hopes in the life of the world to come, I shall feel that I have neither written nor lived in vain.

# POEMS.

## Canzonet.

TO THE MUSIC OF WEBER'S LAST WALTZ.

I.

I'd die midst soft music,
And whispering the lay,
I'd breathe in sweet singing
My spirit away.
Bend o'er me, tho' weeping,
Thou beautiful one,
With thy long flowing tresses,
Till sinks my life's sun.
Then round me, ye lovely,
Sigh sad to the lute,
And warble your sorrow
While breathes the soft lute,
I'd die, &c.

2.

I've lived 'mid the lovely,
And dying, I'd hear
The voice of the lovely,
Sound last on mine ear;
In life and in blooming
I've loved the soft lyre,
And music shall soothe me
Till faint I expire.
Till Earth's music failing
I join, as I rise,
The far-fading echoes,
That float from the skies.
I'd die, &c.

## Lament.

FROM THE LATIN OF MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS.

1.

Oh blessed Redeemer, I've trusted in Thee,
Oh Saviour, my Jesu, now liberate me!
In horrible prison,
And gloom, have arisen
My sighs, oh my Jesu, incessant to Thee;
But oh, on my sorrow,
Has brightened no morrow,
Yet hear me, my Jesu, and liberate me!

2.

Oh blessed Redeemer, I've trusted in Thee,
And still will I trust Thee, to liberate me!
And so, while I languish,
I cry in my anguish,

Adoring, imploring, and bending the knee;
In sorrow and tremor,
Oh blessed Redeemer,
Smile on me from Heaven, and liberate me!

## Lake Byrom.

IN THE COUNTY OF WEST CHESTER, NEW YORK.

1.

By thy still waters, lonely lake,
The wild dove builds her hermit home,
And there her matin song doth make,
Where mornings all like sabbaths come:
O'er thee she flits with silent wing,
Or lulls thee with its silken sound,
Thee—sleeping like a holy thing,
And hid from all the world around.

2.

No voice along thy leafy shore,
But Nature's hymns are rising there,
Nor oft the echo-waking oar
Disturbs thy breast, and haunted air!

A fane upon thy water side
With lights ablaze in every cell,
How bright 'twould seem at even-tide,
How soft be heard its vesper bell!

3.

By thy still waters, lonely lake,
I too would build a hermit home,
Where mornings all like sabbaths break,
And earth's alarm can never come;
And there, this bosom, Heavenly Dove,
A cell for Thy repose might be,
Forsaking all for worlds above,
And all the world forsaking me.

## The Desire of All Nations.

So shall He sprinkle many nations.
*Isaiah* iii. 15.

1.

SAVIOUR, sprinkle many nations,
Fruitful let Thy sorrows be!
By Thy pains and consolations,
Draw the Gentiles unto Thee.
Of Thy cross, the wondrous story,
Be it to the nations told;
Let them see Thee in Thy glory,
And Thy mercy manifold.

2.

Far and wide, though all unknowing,
Pants for Thee each mortal breast;
Human tears for Thee are flowing,
Human hearts in Thee would rest.

Thirsting, as for dews of even,
As the new-mown grass for rain,
Thee they seek, as God of Heaven,
Thee, as man, for sinners slain.

3.

SAVIOUR! lo, the isles are waiting,
Stretch'd the hand, and strain'd the sight,
For Thy SPIRIT, new-creating,
Love's pure flame, and wisdom's light;
Give the word, and of the preacher
Speed the foot, and touch the tongue,
Till on earth, by every creature,
Glory to the LAMB be sung.

# Western Missions.

## A HYMN FOR EPIPHANY.

Then thou shalt see, and flow together, and thine heart shall fear, and be enlarged; because the abundance of the sea shall be converted unto thee, the forces of the Gentiles shall come unto thee. *Isaiah* lx. 5.

LORD, when Thou didst come from heaven,
Edom sought Thee from afar,
With her gold and incense given,
By the leading of a star;
Westward then from Eden guiding,
Was the light of Bethlehem shed;
Like the pillar'd blaze abiding
O'er the wandering Hebrew's head.

2.

Westward still the world alluring,
Hath the risen Day-star beamed,
And, the sinking soul assuring,
O'er the world's wide ocean streamed.

Westward still, the midnight breaking,
Westward still its light be poured!
Heathen Thy possession making,
Utmost lands Thy dwelling, LORD!

3.

Westward where from giant fountains,
Oregon comes down in floods,
Westward to Missouri's mountains,
Or to the wild Iowa's woods,
Where the broad Arkansas goeth,
Winding o'er savannahs wide,
Where, beyond old Huron, floweth
Many a strong eternal tide.

4.

Westward where the wavy prairie
Dark as slumbering ocean lies,
Let Thy starlight, Son of Mary,
O'er the shadowed billows rise!
There be heard, ye herald voices,
Till the LORD His glory shews,
And the lonely place rejoices,
With the bloom of Sharon's rose.

5.

Where the wilderness is lying
And the trees of ages nod,
Westward, in the desert crying,
Make a highway for our GOD.
Westward—till the Church be kneeling
In the forest aisles so dim,
And the wild-wood arches pealing,
With the people's holy hymn.

6.

Westward still, oh LORD, in glory
Be Thy bannered cross unfurled,
Till from vale to mountain hoary,
Rolls the anthem round the world;
Reign, oh reign o'er every nation,
Reign, Redeemer—Father—King;
And with songs of Thy salvation,
Let the wide creation ring.

## In Radiance he came.

1.

In radiance he came from the mount where he bowed,
To talk with the Lord in the veil of the cloud;
And light flashed before him, as trembling he trod,
From the mountain that quaked at the coming
of God.

2.

'Twas Israel's prophet—oh breathe not his name,
Who talked with the Lord till his visage was flame,
Whose brow with the smile of Jehovah did glow,
And shone with the blaze of His glory below!

3.

Oh, bright as the mercy-seat, dazzling afar,
He rose on the night of the vale like a star,
And dread was the sight to the recreant's mirth,
Who praised his grim idol, while God was on earth.

4.

Then flew the swift shudder electric of fear,
And stole the breath-whisper of guilt on the ear,
And the dancer was dumb at his orgies abhorr'd,
And the renegade priest knew the friend of the LORD.

5.

And the virgins of Judah are lightsome of limb
As they whirl round the calf to a love-breathing hymn;
And the damsel's swift heel hath a language that speaks,
And the hue of her heart flushes warm on her cheeks.

6.

A moment—and mute as the startled gazelle,
All wild is her eye—the dark eye of her spell!
And breaks the frail ring o'er the dance-beaten sod,
Like flowers dropping pale from their garlanded god.

7.

So dazzling the beauty of holiness bright!
The glory of goodness—the wonderful light!
So, LORD, would I shine from my converse above,
So shed on the nations the light of Thy love.

8.

And so from the mountains the height of my prayer,
Where dwelling with Thee, it was good to be there,
Grant, LORD, I may stoop to the valleys below,
With visage all radiant, and features that glow.

## Hymn in Holy Week.

1.

Who is this, with garments gory,
  Triumphing from Bozrah's way,
This, that weareth robes of glory,
  Bright, with more than Vict'ry's ray';
Who is this unwearied comer
  From the journey's sultry length,
Travelling through Idume's summer,
  In the greatness of his strength!

2.

Wherefore red in thine apparel,
  Like the conquerors of earth,
And arrayed like those who carol
  O'er the reeking vineyard's mirth.

Who art thou, the valleys seeking,
Where our peaceful harvests wave!
I—in righteous anger speaking,
I—the mighty One to save.

3.

I—that of the raging heathen
Trod the wine-press all alone,
Now in victor garlands wreathen,
Coming to redeem Mine own.
I am He with sprinkled raiment,
Glorious from My vengeance hour,
Ransoming with priceless payment,
And delivering with power.

4.

Hail, all hail, Thou LORD of Glory!
Thee our Father—Thee we own!
Abra'm heard not of our story,
Israel ne'er our name hath known;
But, Redeemer, Thou hast sought us,
Thou hast heard Thy children's wail,
Thou with Thy dear blood hast bought us,
Hail, Thou mighty Victor, hail!

## The Last Plague of Egypt.

1.

Deep night o'er thy waters, thou dark rolling Nile,
And, all save the Hebrew, they slumber and smile,
For a voice comes in dreams to the children of God:
But the proud have no whisper that Death is abroad.

2.

So nestled in rocks, when the whirlwind is nigh,
They hear its far coming; the birds of the sky!
While trees it must shiver in leaf and in form,
Are hush as the stillness that heralds the storm.

3.

And the Memphian, at midnight, lay smiling well-pleased,
His sin all unshriven, his God unappeased,
Till o'er his dark slumbers chill shadows were curled,
And the soul of the dreamer was far from the world.

4.

And he lay in the coils of the Death-Spirit, mute,
With a seal on his lips, like the blast in the fruit:
And he seemed as when hoar-frost hath stiffened the flower,—
'Twas the blight of the LORD, 'twas the touch of His power.

5.

But still was the starlight—while shrouded and hid
Death brooded o'er palace, and cold pyramid;
No voice on the midnight; no larum of wrath;
No sound of the whirlwind—but only its path;

6.

And a cry was in Egypt when rose the red morn,
For a thousand pale mothers bewail'd their first-born;
And Memnon's sweet music, that greeted the sun,
Was lost in the moan of a nation undone.

7.

And shriek'd the young wife o'er the child of her pain,
That never should breathe on her bosom again,
And breasts that were warm with their nursling before,
But heaved in her grief, for the boy that she bore.

8.

And the bride shrank aghast, like the death-stricken
dove,
When she woke in the cold frozen lock of her love:
And a groan for the noble, the lovely outpoured,
A wail for the battle they waged with the LORD.

9.

And they seemed like the willows, that, left on the
steep,
Are bent o'er the wreck of the forest to weep,
Or lilies that dripping, and drooping in form,
Shed tears o'er the broken, the spoil of the storm.

10.

Ye join not the wailing, ye dwellers of Zan!
Hath the Death-Angel spared ye, that smote as he
ran?
Oh the blood-sprinkled lintel hath stayed his proud
reign,
And watched at your threshold the Lamb that was
slain.

# Hymn of the Altar.

PANGE LINGUA.

1.

Tell, my tongue, the wondrous story
Of the Body's Mystery;
And the chalice, dread and gory,
Which, the world's dear price to be,
Mary's Son, the King of Glory,
Filled on streaming Calvary.

2.

Duly given us from heaven,
Of the taintless Virgin, He
First, the word's mysterious leaven
To the world dispensèd free,
Then, with greater marvels even,
Closed His wondrous ministry.

3.

In that Even, with Eleven,
At the last sad feast reclined,
He, with due observance given,
Ended all the Law designed;
Then, Himself, the Bread of Heaven,
Gave to them, and all mankind.

4.

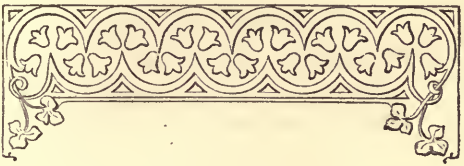
Word made flesh, He speaking merely
With a word made flesh of bread;
And, of wine, His blood as clearly,
To the thirsty spirit shed;
Sense perceives not, yet, sincerely
We believe, and faith is fed.

5.

Thus in Spirit sacramental,
Him discerning we adore;
Type and symbol elemental
Fade this newer rite before,
And, to reason supplemental,
Faith beholds, when sense gives o'er.

6.

Glory, honour, and salvation,
To the Father and the Son;
And co-equal adoration
To the Holy Ghost be done;
One in substance, power and station,
Everlasting Three in One.



## St. Bartholomew.

1.

Behold an Israelite indeed,
In whom no guile is found,
For such was blest Nathanael's meed,
Ere yet with glory crowned!
Now he who once, in bending awe,
Beneath the fig-tree prayed,
Sees greater things than then he saw,
In highest heaven displayed.

2.

Oh! when did he that vision bright
Of wondrous glory scan,
Of angels, to and fro, in flight
Upon the Son of Man?

Long waiting for the sight, perchance
When came his Master's call,
The Martyr, as with Stephen's glance,
Looked up and saw it all!

## St. Matthew.

1.

He who for Christ hath left behind
Or house, or lands, or wife,
A hundred-fold, e'en here, shall find,
And everlasting life.

2.

The gold on Levi's table shone,
As Jesus passed that way;
But called to follow Christ alone,
He left it, where it lay.

3.

Thus, for His Lord, he suffered shame,
And shamed a faithless age,
Else who, to-day, had named his name,
Or read his golden page?

4.

Else, how, with all the saints enrolled,
Should he in glory stand,
And wear the martyr's crown of gold,
At JESUS CHRIST's right hand?

## Hymn to the Redeemer.

1.

When o'er Judea's vales and hills,
Or by her olive-shaded rills,
Thy weary footsteps went of old,
Or walked the lulling waters bold,
How beauteous were the marks divine
That in Thy meekness used to shine,
That lit Thy lonely pathway, trod
In wondrous love, oh Lamb of God!

2.

Oh! who like Thee so calm, so bright,
Thou Son of Man, Thou Light of Light:
Oh! who like Thee, did ever go,
So patient, through a world of woe:

Oh! who like Thee, so humbly bore
The scorn, the scoffs of men before;
So meek, forgiving, God-like, high,
So glorious in humility!

3.

The morning saw Thee, like the day,
Forth on Thy light-bestowing way;
And evening in her holy hues,
Shed down her sweet baptismal dews,
Where bending angels stooped to see
The lisping infant clasp Thy knee,
And smile as in a father's eye
Upon thy mild Divinity!

4.

The hours when princes sought their rest
Beheld Thee, still, no chamber's guest;
And when the chilly night hung round,
And man from Thee sweet slumber found,
Thy weary footsteps sought, alone,
The mountain to Thy sorrows known,
And darkness heard Thy patient prayer,
Or hid Thee, in the prowler's lair.

5.

And all Thy life's unchanging years,
A man of sorrows, and of tears,
The Cross, where all our sins were laid,
Upon Thy bending shoulders weighed;
And death, that sets the pris'ner free,
Was pang, and scoff, and scorn to Thee;
Yet love through all Thy torture glowed,
And mercy with Thy life-blood flowed.

6.

Oh wondrous LORD! my soul would be
Still more and more conformed to Thee;
Would lose the pride, the taint of sin,
That burns these fevered veins within,
And learn of Thee, the lowly One,
And like Thee, all my journeys run,
Above the world, and all its mirth,
Yet weeping still with weeping earth.

7.

Oh! in Thy light, be mine to go,
Illuming all my way of woe;
And give me ever, on the road,
To trace Thy footsteps, oh my GOD!

My passions lull, my spirit calm,
And make this lion-heart a lamb;
And give me all my life to be
A sacrifice to love and Thee!

# May-Morning

AT

## MAGDALEN COLLEGE, OXFORD.

1.

England and Oxford,—Magdalen and May-morn,
These were that day my elements of mirth;
When harshly sounding many a restless horn
Of Flora's feast proclaimed the rosy birth.
O blessed the month that decks with flowers the thorn,
And spreads fresh beauty o'er reviving earth!
And blessed was I, uprising glad as they,
To join the throngs that kept the holiday!

2.

And as the earliest lark went up the skies,
All emulous of her aspiring flight,
Where Magdalen's tow'ring pinnacles arise,
A choir of singers climbed the airy height;

Vested they were for holy minstrelsies,
And each young chorister was all delight,
Thus like the morning bird to mount and sing,
As if at Heaven's own window carolling.

3.

Ah! who can tell how good it was to climb
With them the windings of that faery tower,
And from the summit scan the scene sublime
Of hill and dale, high wood, and bosky bower,—
Meadows still sparkling with the dews of prime,—
And skies all rosy with the dawning hour,—
And e'en of antique roofs the nearer show,
With Cherwell's bridge, and glassy stream below!

4.

Of Faith and Learning those delightful homes,
And holy seigniories mine eye surveyed;
Quaint gables, sightly turrets, shapely domes,
Halls, colleges, and gardens; and the shade
Of thoughtful walks, where Merton's student roams,
And winding banks that shewed where Isis strayed:—
And all seemed beautiful, and long I there
Respired sweet sentiment and wholesome air.

5.

What though on Forest Hill the bard no more
Sings blithe "Allegro" and a "May-day song:"—
In Bagley-wood the morrice-dance is o'er,
Nor May-pole rises 'mid the rustic throng;—
Nor sports are seen that cheered hard toils of yore
In many a scene these spreading meads among,—
Nor Cumnor rings,—nor Woodstock bower, as when
Queen Bess and Burleigh blazoned Englishmen:—

6.

Yet o'er the scene I gazed with longing head,
Nor deemed from hill and dale the glory flown;
There, where the daisy in the emerald mead
To Chaucer's early eye unclosed its own;—
Or there where Milton's soul disowned its creed,
And wooed to pleasures all too long unknown,
From e'en his darling treasons stayed his heart,
And gave to native loves his nobler part.

7.

Nor aught did those returning calends lack
Of England's own incomparable May;

Of pleasures rare in life's more wonted track
Of sights, like Florence for a holiday[a]!
Ah me, what memories won my fancy back!
Historic thought, and fiction's sportive play,
That rose like sighs within me, as I stood,
And all around me surplice, cap, and hood.

8.

And when, at length, the flash of Morning's fires
Smote Oxford's many domes and pinnacles,
There was a crash from all her gilded spires
Telling the hour with sympathizing bells:
And then,—as if all Angels struck their lyres,—
Filling the skies with music's miracles,—
Up to the throne, between the Cherubim,
I heard ascend their Eucharistic Hymn!

9.

And seemed that music, in mid air, as when
The spirit is absolved from mortal clay,
And to the Paradise of ransomed men,
Finds it, in Angels' arms, in upward way.

[a] Charles the Fifth's remarks about Florence. *Walton's Angler.*

I seemed to tremble lest to earth again
I should be banished from that upper day,
Where rings for aye the glory excellent,
And all is harmony and ravishment.

10.

FATHER! of Thee they sung the twofold boon,
Bread for the body, for the spirit grace;
The SON they glorified, and in their tune
Thy name, consoling PARACLETE! had place.
Nor aught unsung was of that POWER TRIUNE;
Nor aught of Him, Who did His power abase,
To be of Mary's womb, the Virgin-born;
Of Calvary's Cross the victim and the scorn!

11.

And when it ended, 'twas as visions die
Of the third Heaven, and all its seraph throng:
Or fades a rapture from the prophet's eye,
Upon the house-top listening their sweet song.
Ah! never more to hear that harmony,
Still on the breezy height I lingered long:
While, to prolong the worship, bells out-pealed,
And the strong tower beneath me rocked and reeled.

12.

And then, or ever their glad voice was done,
Descending to the walks, I wandered round,
And watched the golden lustre of the sun
Bright'ning the belfry that gave forth the sound,
And seemed the deep blue sky to float upon!
Solid, yet light,—and springing from the ground,
With battlements above the verdure tall,—
It looked unearthly, and aerial!

13.

And pleasant, as I walked, the Rookery-scream;—
The fresh, cool, joyous, influence of the air;
And incense floating like a morning dream,
Of fragrant sweetbriar lurking everywhere:—
But thoughts of pleasant men did sweeter seem
As in their very footsteps I did fare;
And walked with Addison, or talked with Horne,
In their old haunts that memorable morn.

14.

All ye that linger where so soon I passed,—
My friends of Magdalen, and thou Reverend Form!

Of olden worth the lonely leaf and last,
Who gav'st my bended head a blessing warm :—
If on this votive page a glance ye cast,
Remember one escaped th' Atlantic storm,
Who found adventure's rich reward that day
When, on your tower, he welcomed English May.

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